I.O.-9257

No.	Name.	Address.	Business hours.
18	Union of Russian Dealers and Employees. Michurin, Chairman.	504 Avenue Foch.	
19	Club of the Union of Russian Dealers and Employees.	do.	
20	Russian Orthodox Sviato-Bogoyavlensky Fraternity.	439 Ave. Joffre, lodging 8.	
21	The Commercial School of the Orthodox Sviato-Bogoyavlensky Fraternity.	56 Route Ghisi.	
22	Dispensary of the Orthodox Sviato-Bogoyavlensky Fraternity.	439 Avenue Joffre, Lodging 8.	
23	Russian Students' Union. Chairman Mr. N.Malikoff.	15 Route Frelupt.	
24	1st Russian School in Shanghai. A.N.Russanoff, Director.	2 Kungping Road.	
25	First Music School P.F.Selivanoff, Director.	34 Route Baron Gros.	
26	P.N.Mashin's Studio.	168 Szechuen Road.	
27	The Society of Russian Doctors. Chairman, Dr. Shishlo.	438/9 Avenue Joffre.	
28	The Union of Russian Women. V.I.Grevey, Chairman.	262 Route Vallon.	
29	Union of Russian Military Cadets.	29 Avenue du Roi Albert.	
30	Union of Russian "Army & Navy" Man Pres. General Walter.	876 Avenue Joffre.	
31	Russian Fascisti of the East. Chairman Col. Kolesnikoff.	8 Yates Road.	
32	Russian Benevolent Society. Dr. A.Bery, Chairman.	876 Avenue Joffre.	
33	Russian Cossacks Union. Chairman, Bologoff.	160 Avenue doi Rue Albert.	
34	Far Eastern Cossack Group. Lieut. Gen. F.L.Gleboff.	55 Avenue Dubail.	
35	Society of Relief of Indigent Russian Children in the French Municipal Council. V.A.Pozhoff, Chairman.		
36	The Society of New Born Russian, President Lemskin.	113 Av. Edward VII	9a.m. to 12n.m. 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.
37	Charity Association for escaping Russians from U.S.S.R. Mrs. Chernhieff, Chairman.	13 Linde Terrace.	10 a.m. to noon 3 p.m. to 5 p.m.
38	Russian National Society which is now Underorganization instead of the Bureau for Protection of Russian Interests in S'hai. N. U. Fomin, Chairman.	876 Av. Joffre.	

(C.I.D.) Office Notes

File No. 9257
26.7.29

YB

A. Robertson

26:7:29

LIST OF RUSSIAN ORGANIZATIONS AND SOCIETIES IN SHANGHAI.

No.	Name.	Address.	Business hours.
1	Union of Russian Association and Committee for the Defence of Russian Rights and Interests in Shanghai (includes 7 organizations. President N.A.Ivanoff	876 Avenue Joffre 112 Szechuen Rd.	9 a.m. to noon 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.
2	Mr. V.F.Grosse, Ex-Imperial Russian Consul General in Shanghai, Chairman of the Russian Relief Association "Help."	6A. Hongkong Rd.	10 a.m. to noon 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. (interviews) 9 a.m. to noon 5 p.m. to 7-p.m. (office).
3	Russian Emigrant Committee	do.	
4/5	Committee of Monarchist Organization in the Far East and Branch of the Russian Monarchist Unification Abroad. Chairman Mr. Isakoff.	No offices	5 p.m. to 7 p.m. (Secretary and Clerk's hours) 10 a.m. to noon and 5 p.m. to 7 p.m
6	Russian Educational Society, Mrs. V.Grosse, Chairman, Mrs. N.Dronnikova, Treasurer.	210 Rue Bourgeat c/o General Post Office Flat No.2.	
7	Russian Monarchistic Society "Faith," the "Tzar" and "People." A.I. Isakoff, Major-General, Chairman.	230 Route Vallon.	
8	Cossacks' Union in Shanghai. Chairman P.P.Ogloblin, Major General.	No offices.	
9	Russian Youth's Circle.	Rue Rataid.	
10	National Unification of Theatricals Abroad, Mr. Blokhin, Secretary.	10 Seymour Road.	10 a.m. to noon on Tuesdays and Saturdays.
11	Society of Russian Intellectuals.	No.office.	
12	The Union of St. Georges Cavaliers, Colonel Artzibasheff Chairman and Secretary.	Wayside Road.	5 p.m. to 7 p.m. on Thursdays.
13	Literary and Artistic Society. P.F.Selivanoff, Chairman.	34 Rue Baron Gros, Tel. C. 361.	5 p.m. to 7 p.m.
14	Madame Dieterichs Home.	604 Rue Conty.	
15	Russian Military Science Society "Army and Navy", Club. N.V.Kolesen[illegible]f, Col. of the General Staff, Chairman-Editor.	8 Yates Road.	10 a.m. to noon on Saturdays.
16	The Union of Russian Engineers and Technicians, N.G.Dronnikoff, Chairman.	c/o Central Post Office.	
17	Shanghai Branch of the Union of Russian War-invalids, Borovikoff, Chairman.	172 Range Road.	

NO.	Name.	Address.	Business hours.
18	Union of Russian Dealers and Employees, Michurin, Chairman.	504 Avenue Foch.	
19	Club of the Union of Russian Dealers and Employees.	do.	
20	Russian Orthodox Sviato-Bogoyavlensky Fraternity.	439 Ave. Joffre, lodging 8.	
21	The Commercial School of the Orthodox Sviato-Bogoyavliensky Fraternity.	56 Route Ghisi.	
22	Dispensary of the Orthodox Sviato-Bogoyavlensky Fraternity.	439 Avenue Joffre, Lodging 8.	
23	Russian Students' Union, Chairman Mr. N.Malikoff.	15 Route Frelupt.	
24	1st Russian School in Shanghai, A.N.Russanoff, Director.	2 Kungping Road.	
25	First Music School P.F.Selivanoff, Director.	34 Route Baron Gros.	
26	P.N.Mashin's Studio.	168 Szechuen Road.	
27	The Society of Russian Doctors, Chairman, Dr. Shishlo.	438/8 Avenue Joffre.	
28	The Union of Russian Women, V.I.Grevey, Chairman.	262 Route Vallon.	
29	Union of Russian Military Cadets.	29 Avenue du Roi Albert.	
30	Union of Russian "Army & Navy" Men Pres. General Walter.	876 Avenue Joffre.	
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32	Russian Benevolent Society, Dr. A.Bary, Chairman.	876 Avenue Joffre.	
33	Russian Cossacks Union, Chairman, Bologoff.	160 Avenue doi Rue Albert.	
34	Far Eastern Cossack Group, Lieut. Gen. F.L.Gleboff.	55 Avenue Dubail.	
35	Society of Relief of Indigent Russian Children in the French Municipal Council, V.A.Pochoff, Chairman.		
36	The Society of New Born Russian, President Lomakin.	113 Av. Edward VII	9a.m. to 12a.m. 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.
37	Charity Association for escoping Russians from U.S.S.R. Mrs. Olsufhieff, Chairman.	18 Linda Terrace.	10 a.m. to noon 3 p.m. to 5 p.m.
38	Russian National Society which is now underorganization instead of the Bureau for Protection of Russian Interests in S'hai. N.U.Fomin. Chairman.	876 Av. Joffre.	

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35	Society of Relief of Indigent Russian Children in the French Municipal Council. V.A.Pashoff, Chairman.		
36	The Society of New Born Russian, President Lemskin.	133 Av. Edward VII	9a.m. to 12a.m. 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.
37	Charity Association for escaping Russians from U.S.S.R. Mrs. Gleskhoff, Chairman.	18 Linda Terrace.	10 a.m. to noon 3 p.m. to 5 p.m.
38	Russian National Society which is [illegible] of the Bureau for Protection of Russian Refugees in S.U. N. U. Fomin, Chairman.	876 Av. Joffre.	

I.O.9257.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C.I.D REGISTRY
No. I.O. 9257
Date 24.6.29

June 22, 29.

Gentlemen,

I have to acknowledge receipt of your letter No. 128 dated June 17, on the subject of the establishment at 133 Avenue Edward VII, of a Branch of the Society known as the "New Born Russia Association".

In noting the formation of this Association, I have to inform you that you will be required to refrain from partaking in any political activity which may lead to a breach of the peace, and to state that failure on your part to comply with this warning will lead to the suppression of your Society in Shanghai.

Yours faithfully,

[illegible]

Acting Commissioner of Police

Messrs. The New Born Russia Association,
113, Avenue Edward VII,
Shanghai.

Copy.

Form No. 2
G. 20000-1-23

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

File No. 9257

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C.I.D. REGISTRY
No. 144
Date 21. 6. 29.

Foreign Section Station

Date June 20, 1929

Subject (in full) The Society of New Born Russia.

Made by D. S. Ovsiannikoff. *Forwarded by* Thos Robertson C.D.I.

With reference to the attached letter No. 128, dated May 17, 1929 from the Society of New Born Russia, inquiries go to show that the said Society was first organised in Russia in 1929 by the Prince of Oldenburg but owing to the general retreat of the White Russian troops from Russia the Society automatically ceased to exist. In the end of April 1929 Mr. V.Lomakin, Russian Monarchist leader arrived in Shanghai from Mukden and with the assistance of Mr. N.Koulchitsky, also a member of the Russian Monarchist group re-established the Society in Shanghai. In May 1929 the Society opened an office at 113 Avenue Edward VII where new members are recruited and all business pertaining to the association transacted. The aim of the Society is to endeavour to bring about the unification of all White Russian abroad and in Russia into one group for the downfall of the Communist regime in Russia. The Society has agents in USSR, who are engaged in the distribution of various pamphlets among the population of USSR. The Society has no funds at present to further their activities but negotiation are being conducted between Mr. V.Lomakin, President of the Society and the Nationalist Government in Nanking to obtain funds on certain condition. It is reported that the Society consists at present of 220 members only and the following persons constitute the committe.

Mr. V. M. Lomakin	President
Mr. N. Koulchitsky	Vice President
Mrs. L. I. Wittin-Wilson	Member
Mrs. E. E. Kandiba	"
Mr. A. V. Katanneff	"
Mr. N. Lomakin	Secretary

The attached is the statute and programe of the Society which was received from Mr. Lomakin President of the association.

V. Ovsiannikoff
D. S.

H.R. 20/6/29.

A/ D. C. I. 21/6/29

ГЛАВНОЕ УПРАВЛЕНИЕ
ОБЩЕСТВА
ВОЗРОЖДЕНИЯ РОССИИ

17/V 1929
№ 128

The New Born Russia
Association.
Head Office.
113, Av. Edward VII,
fl. I.

To
Commissioner of Police
International Settlement
Present.

Dear Sir:

The Association of New Born Russia, organised in 1918, has the honour to inform you that it is about to start its activities in Shanghai, having as its object, propaganda against Bolshevism.

The Administrators of the soxiety desire to intimate further, that its functions will also include an Information Bureau, the chief object of which will be the imparting of news to you covering the secret operations Bolshevic Agents and other doubtful political bodies.

The Association takes this opportunity to express its assurance of the fullest respect for any commands you may deem it advisable to impart, and conveys its sincere hope for mutual cooperation.

We have the honour, to remain,
dear sir, yours respectfully,

Общество Возрождения России
Главное Правление

President K. V. Kouletchitsky
Secretary N. V. Loimakine

I

STATUTE and PROGRAMME

of

The New Born Russia Association

established in the year 1918.

Regulations Governing the Mutual

Aid Savings Bank.

THE STATUTE

Purpose of the Association. I.The purpose of the Association known as the New Born Russia Association is the unification of all Russian people in whose interests it is to see the re-establishment of One whole Russia by means of promoting in the public mind of national and traditional customs peculiar to the Great Imperial Russia.

2. The tasks of the Association will include the organizations of fraternities, the opening and maintaining of schools, libraries, old people's homes, orphanages, hospitals, mutual aid savings banks, food co-operatives, assistance to members of the Association, the holding of classes, lectures, excursions, soirees and theatrical plays, publication of newspapers, pamphlets, hand-bills and other various activity of educational and patriotic nature.

Funds of the Association. 3. Funds of the Association are formed with members' fees, donations, profits from property and other receipts.

Composition and Arrangement of the Association. 4. The New Born Russia Association is to be composed of Members Promoters, who sign a Promoters' Act and who are made life members of the Association, honourary members and regular members. Persons of Christian Faith irrespective of Sex are eligible for membership upon the attainment of age and having had no Court convictions.

5. Persons wishing to become Members of the Association make an application to the Board of the Association. Persons made members of the Association pay the established fee.

6. The Association has its Board of Administration in Shanghai and its Seal.

7. The Association protects Members of the Association.

8. The Board of Administration of the Association is composed of five members elected for three years by the General Assembly of the Members Promoters of the Association, two Candidates and three members of the Revision Commission.

9. Members elected for the Board elect from amongst themselves President, Treasurer and Secretary, but these may be elected by the General Assembly of the Promoters as well.

IO. Members of the Board must meet at least once a week.

II. The Board are empowered to act on behalf of the Association as follows:- enter into any agreement, issue documents and powers of attorney, receive money due to the Association, and represent the Association before officials, administration and Court as well as run all the affairs and handle the property of the Association. The Board of the Association is entitled to approach Government institutions and private people with petitions and receive documents of every description. All outgoing documents must bear the signature of President or Acting President, Secretary and a Member of the Board.

I2. A General Meeting of the Members Promoters of the Association is convened by the Board half yearly. At these General Meetings one of the Members Promoters presides over the meeting, being elected at every meeting held.

I3. The General meeting of the Members Promoters examines and approves of accounts and budgets as presented by the Board. It issues instructions to the Board and sanctions Members of the Association for their respective posts upon the representation of the Board.

I4. Decisions made at the General Meetings of the Members Promoters of the Association are binding for all members of the Association and cannot be appealed.

I5. A General Meeting of the Members Promoters and Regular Members of the Association is recognized as being held in the presence of one third of the total membership of the Association. In the absence of such number, a second meeting is convened on the same day three hours later when a meeting is considered held irrespective of the number of Members of the Association present.

I6. All matters at a meeting are decided by the majority of votes and in the event of equal number the vote of the President carries.

I7. Revision of the funds and accounts is made by the Revision Commission every month.

Closing of the Association. I8. The closing of the Association, the disposal of its property and capital is decided upon by the General Meeting of the Members Promoters and the Regular Members of the Association.

PROGRAMME

I. The New Born Russia Association has set upon a task of freeing Russia and the Russian People from Bolshevist power and after uniting Russia to include her in the family of Great Powers of the world once again.

2. In order to attain the above end lawfulness and good order

are necessary above everything else. A governing power should not only govern, but also serve the people, teaching everywhere respect for humanity and family as the foundation of a State.

3. The State and the society must take special care of the Holy Orthodox Faith, allowing at the same time freedom to all other professions of Faith to build their churches, houses of prder and have their Services. Without religion a human being is likened to a beast.

4. Fathers and Mothers as heads of the family and being responsible for their children before God and the People must enjoy the special protection of the State. They are the connecting link between the past and the present lives of the people. A head of the family must be full master of his property and nobody should interfere by right in his instructions.

5. The right of ownership must be sacred.

6. Land must become the property of the head of a family and the owner of such must be given every co-operation in collecting varipus lots and for this,purpose exchange, purchase and sale of various lots should be authorized as well as the purchasing of land from private individuals and the peasants' bank. Land confiscated during the revolution will not be subject to return except in the case of Church owned land lots. Extras of land ownership should be bought over by the Government for the sale to the population.

7. Trade and Industry must be guaranteed from outside interference with the property owned and business freedom allowed subject to observation of law and good order.

8. All labourers and workers should have improved conditions of labour with a view to getting better pay and should have a right to form unions, establish mutual aid savings banks and obtain privileges improving conditions of life for the labouring class.

9. In order to re-establish Russia it is necessary to institute compulsory education for all citizens in low schools and to promote practical lessons in agriculture and industry for the popular masses.

IO. Freedom of speech and freedom of the Press should be granted subject, however, to punishment for false information.

II. The Russian people started the state of disturbance and it is up to them to put a stop to it by means of establishing in Russia a form of government to suit them. In the face of the present state of destruction in the Country, the Association is of opinion that the institution of a firm Monarchistic and National Authority is necessary.

I2. In order to attain their plans the people must seek support in the army, as a force which submits to itself all outer and inner enemies of the people. The Army is our hope and our support.

REGULATIONS GOVERNING
MUTUAL AID SAVINGS BANK.

24 paragraphs govern the Mutual Aid Savings Bank functioning under the auspices of the New Born Russia Association. The subtstance of these amounts to the following:-

Mutual financial help by means of loans, etc. on easy terms and %%.

$ 2.00 entrance fee and $ 10.00 shares paid into the Bank at 6% per annum for the shareholders. $2 is used for the organizational purposes and is not subject to return. Loans are granted for three months only and are limited to the amount of shares held by the shareholder. Only members of the New Born Russia Association are entitled to take part in the Savings Banks transactions, etc.. Funds of the Savings Bank are kept in some large Bank and amounts payable are issued in cheques. The application for loans must be made to the Board of the Bank, functioning in the New Born Russia Association in accordance with established regulations. Loans are limited to 50 dollars.

Form No. 2
G. 20000-*-23

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

File No.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C.I.D. REGISTRY
No. C. 9234
CENTRAL I.B.
Date 20.2.29

Date February 18, 1929.

Subject (in full) Meeting of the Committee for Defence of Russian Rights and Interest.

Made by P.C.S. Maklaevsky *Forwarded by*

A special meeting of the Committee for Defence of Russian Rights and Interests was held in the premises of the said organization at 876 Avenue Joffre on February 15, 1929 to propose that Mr. N.A. Ivanow, the President, be asked to resign. It was also proposed that Captain Fomin, formerly Chief of Staff to Admiral Stark be appointed President of the Committee and a delegation was sent to inform Mr. N.A. Ivanow of the Committee's decision. Mr. Ivanow has so far not replied.

B Maklaevsky
P. C. S.

HR. 19/2 A/D.C.I.

Foreign Section,
Please report again when Ivanov replies.
19/2/29

Lcd

A/D.C.I. Information.

ACTIVITIES OF RUSSIAN ORGANIZATIONS IN SHANGHAI DURING 1928.

Organization	Number of Russians Registered with it.	Number of Certificates and/or Other Documents issued to Russians.	Other Activities.
The Emigrants Committee.	10,000	200	Obtained positions for about 100 persons.
The Committee for Defence of Russian Rights and Interests.	3,500 to 4,000.	400	----

Organization.	President.	Membership.	Income.	Expenditure.	Remarks.
Russian Benevolent Society.	Prof. Bary.	100	$1,300 members' fees 1,750 Race Course 1,750 Charity Balls $4,800	------	Exact amount spent unknown, but monies were paid out as charity to 22 persons leaving a balance of several hundred dollars at end of year.
Union of Ex-Army and Navy Men.	Gen. Walter.	550	$2,700 Race Course 3,500 Charity Balls. $6,200	------	Food and lodging provided to destitute members and positions obtained for members.
Far Eastern Cossacks Group.	Gen.F.L.Gleboff.	300	------	------	------
The Cossacks' Union.	I.N.Shendrikoff	312	$ 850 Race Course 500 Cossack Ball $1,350	$2,654.89	As loans and for assistance, rent of premises, newspapers, salaries, etc. Balance in hand $310.15.
The Society to Assist Poor Scholars of the French Municipal School.	V.A. Puhoff.	100	$ 600 members' fees 500 Race Course 3,000 Charity Balls $4,100	$3,600.00	$2,400 to 20 poor pupils & $1,200 for meals to 24 poor children.
Mutual Aid Society of the Ex-Employes of Russian Corps of Shanghai Volunteers.	G.K.Bolgoff	----	$ 150.00.	------	Formed in Summer 1927 after the Russian Corps was reduced. Assistance rendered to members who were in need of money.

J.O. 9857.

Organization.	President.	Membership.	Income.	Expenditure.	Remarks.
The Orthodox Fraternity.	----	300	$1,200 members' fees 3,000 S.M.C. 1,200 French Municipal Council for hospital. 1,200 ditto for school. 2,200 Race Course for dispensary & school 6,000 Inter.Committee of Financial Assistance attached to School. $ 14,800	$10,500 on dispensary & hospital. 10,600 on school. $22,100	The Dispensary is visited by 10,000 persons, 75% of whom are attended free of charge, others charged 50 cents per head. 8,000 prescriptions issued by doctors during the year for $1,500. 3,000 cases attended at hospital. School : 102 pupils(70 boarders). 50 given education gratis.
The Benevolent Association "Pomosch".	----	90	$ 1,138 members' fees 1,000 Race Course 978 Charity Balls 5,755 Donations,etc. $ 8,871	$2,640 help & loans 968 travelling exp. 829 Funeral expenses 92 school fees 100 medical assistance 290 Food & lodging for poor $4,939.00 and other expenses on rent of premises, maintenance of employes,office appliances,etc.	Balance $100 only.

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No. 9257
15.8.28

Extract from Intelligence Report dated
August 14, 1928.

Between 6 and 8.30 p.m. August 13 a private meeting of the "Special Committee of the Unification of Russian Emigrants" was held in the premises of the Union of Russian Ex-Army and Navy Men, 876 Avenue Joffre. Fifteen representatives of various Russian organizations in Shanghai were present and the proceedings were under the chairmanship of Captain Fonsin, Captain Belukovich acting as Secretary. A letter from General Horvath to the Committee of Defence of Russian Rights and Interests was read. Therein the General stated that although he had sent his representatives to interview the Mukden and Nanking Governments in connection with Russian unification work he did not think that an agreement would be reached and concluded by urging the collecting of funds for the organization of emigrants and for charitable purposes. It was also proposed at the meeting that the Committee of the Unification of Russian Emigrants be reorganized and that the Committee for the Defence of Russian Rights and Interests be re-elected. Mr. Ivanoff, Chairman of the latter Committee, who was present, was called upon to resign owing to his having given certificates in the name of the Committee to certain well known Bolsheviks whose names were not mentioned and to the fact that he is legal adviser to Mr. Ulanoff, a Soviet citizen residing in Shanghai. After much discussion it was decided to postpone the meeting until instructions had been received from General Horbath.

U.S.C.I.S.
No. 9257
Date 14.8.28

Extract from Intelligence Report
dated August 13 1928.
I.O. 9494.

The meeting of the Cossacks Union in Shanghai which was advertised to take place at 3 p.m. August 12 in the premises of the Russian Union of Land-Army and Navy Men in Avenue Joffre for some unknown reason was not held.

It is reported that a meeting of the Russian Unification Committee will be held in the above named premises at 3 p.m. August 13.

File No. 10257

(C.I.D.) Office Notes

June 26, 1928.

D. C. I.

I beg to forward the attached copies of the correspondence which passed between Mr Grosse and the social organizations relative to the meeting which was held in the Russian Ex Officers Club 275 Avenue Joffre on June 24.

H. Robertson
D.I.

Kudy Any use sending copies to authorities? E 26/6

D. C. I.
I think not.
H Robertson D.I. 26/6

Translation of a letter addressed by the Chairman of the meeting of the social organisations to Mr.Grosse, president of the Emigrants' Committee.

Shanghai, June 18, 1928.

Dear Sir,

The meeting of representatives of Shanghai social organisations convoked on June 17 by the promoters of the organisation of a General Meeting of the Russian Colony in Shanghai, has ~~xxxxxxx~~ instructed the Praesidium of the meeting, jointly with the promoters, to inform you of the following:

The meeting has, in principle, acknowledged that the question of the unification of the Russian Colony is a very important matter and is to be solved without any delay. In view of the meeting not having been attended by representatives of the Emigrants' Committee and the organisations incorporated to it, the meeting has decided to postpone the discussion of the question of ways and means of unification and to postpone the sitting till June 24, at 4 p.m., and to request the Emigrants' Committee and organisations incorporated to it to send two ~~xxxxxxxx~~ representatives each with full powers in writing.

The meeting has decided to request you to give a reply to the Chairman of this meeting, or to the promoters, not later than on June 22, of the decision of the Emigrants' Committee on this matter.

Informing you of the above I am etc.

(signatures)

Translation of a letter from V.F.Grosse, Chairman of the Emigrants' Committee, to V.F.Chunikhin.

Shanghai, June 22, 1928.

Dear Sir,

I have the honour to forward herewith for your information excerpts from the minutes of the Emigrants' Committee on June 22.

I remain etc.

(signed) Grosse.

Translation of excerpts from the minutes of the Russian Emigrants' Committee in Shanghai held on June 21, 1928

The organisations incorporated in the Emigrants' Committee having discussed, at their sitting held on June 21, the letter of the Chairman of the Meeting held on June 18 by the representatives of the social organisations, has to state that any attempt at unification which contributes towards the cessation of hostilities, the creation of unanimity among the Russian Emigrants, their organisation and which facilitates the problem of the ameliotation of the economic and social status of Russians has always had the sympathetic consideration of the Emigrants' Committee. The organisations incorporated in the Emigrants' Committee have repeatedly made attempts in this direction and even the idea of the creation of the Emigrants' Committee headed by V.F.Grosse, the former Imperial Russian Consul General, aimed at the unification of the Russian Colony around an organisation sufficiently competent to represent the interests of the emigrants residing in Shanghai and always to render help to all Russians in need. At the same time the emigrants' committee, after considering the whole matter, have arrived at the following conclusions:

1. Once more to express their satisfaction, that the idea of bringing about the cessation of the internal strife in the colony and of the necessity to coordinate the work tending to ameliorate the economic and social status, has met with the approval, apparently, of the broad masses of the Russian emigrant community.

2. Moreover, the Emigrants' Committee esteem that this unification should have economic and social character and while being anti-bolshevist in principle, it must not at the same time join any political group in order not cause a split so that all Russian emigrants may hope to the defense of their interests in an equal degree.

3. In order that the unification may be effective and be of a character that will really contribute towards the ralisation of the object put up, it must be grouped round one person who is the leader of the colony. This person must be sufficiently experienced in the relations with foreigners and Chinese in order to be able to put into effect all that is useful to the emigrants.

4. An executive committee, as a consultative organ, may be attached to that person.

5. The only person who possesses all these qualifications as a head of the committee is, in the opinion of the Emigrants' Committee, the former Imperial Russian Consul General V.F.Grosse, who has already received the approval of the Very Reverend Shanghai Bishop, to lead Russian emigrants.

4. There exists already a consultative Emigrants' Committee attached to him which has devotedly undertaken the work entrusted to it, and the number of daily applicants to it as well as the amount of correspondence with Chinese and foreign authorities clearly shows that it is being approached by persons belonging to various groups, regardless of their allegiance one or the other political organisation.

5. These two principles, i.e. the unification on a business principle and the massing of the emigrants round one person experienced in dealing with foreign and Chinese authorities, implicate principle of succession of authority, a principle dear to all emigrants. These two principles have already been practically

realised by the Emigrants' Committee and the organisations incorporate therein.

8. Thus the question of unification reduces itself simply to joining the emigrants committee by all organisations which so far have kept aloof.

9. The Emigrants' Committee is wholly prepared to give full consideration to all wishes pertaining to the question of joining it by representatives of other organisations, but on the unreserved condition of the following principal conditions:

n

a) the united community, while preserving its anti-bolshevist character, will not join any political group.

b) it must be presided over by V.F.Grosse in his capacity of former Imperial Russian Consul General.

The Emigrants' Committee, after considering the invitation to participate in a meeting which is to be held on June 24 and having heard the information given on this subject by Mr.Chunikhin and ascertained that the promoters do not possess any clearly outlined plan of unification, came to the following decision:

To refrain from sending their representative to this meeting and to send them its views on unification.

File No. 19257

(C.I.D.) Office Notes

25/6/28,

Russian Affairs.

From 4.40 p.m. to 8.30 p.m. June 24, a meeting which was attended by 50 representatives of the various Russian Organizations in Shanghai was held in the Russian Ex-Officers' Club 275 Avenue Joffre. This meeting was postponed from June 17, owing to the absence of representatives of the Russian Emigrants' Committee and in order that Mr. Grosse, Chairman of the latter Committee, might attend. On the resumption of yesterday's proceedings, Mr. Grosse was still absent but a letter was received from him in which he stated his refusal to recognise General Horvath and declined to be mixed up in any political activites. On the letter from Mr. Grosse being read it was decided by a big majority that General Horvath be requested to appoint a representative in Shanghai to look after the interests of the White Russian community. It was also resolved to appoint a committee of several persons to assist General Horvath's representative to carry out his work. The following resolutions were proposed and passed at the meeting.

1) That the Russian community refuse to recognise the leadership of Mr. Grosse, which has been harmful to the whole Russian Community.

2) That Mr. Grosses alleged rights to the leadership of the local Russian Community on the grounds that he was formerly Consul-General, terminated with the disappearance of the government that appointed him.

3) To acknowledge that passive resistance to Bolsheviks and Bolshevism mentioned in resolution 2 of the Emigrants' Committee

Capt.
Capt. Fo
Dr. Lombecke
General We

does not answer the ideals of the majority of white emigrants and is harmful to the National aim.

4. To bring about the union of the United Shanghai Emigrants' Organizations with the Far Eastern Emigrants under the leadership of General Horvath.

5. To acknowledge the refusal of the Emigrants Committee to send representatives to ~~[illegible]~~ the said meeting.

With reference to the above resolutions it was further decided:

1. To publish an account of the proceedings in the local newspapers.

2. To inform General Horvath of the unification of the different organizations in Shanghai and of his being appointed leader of the local Russian community.

3. That the following persons be elected to assist General Horvath's representative:-

General Afanasieff.
Mr. Shendrikoff.
Mr. Chumihin.
Mr. Ivanoff.
Capt. Bilukovich.
Capt. Fomin.
Dr. Kohlachkin.
General Walter.

H. Robertson
S.I.

D.Y.S.

Copies might be attached to Int. Report of June 26 for information of Shanghai – U.S.M.C. Hdqrs.
Rudforke, 4/a. E.P.

Detached Rud.

25/6/28.

Russian Affairs.

From 4.40 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. June 25, a meeting which was attended by 50 representatives of the various Russian Organizations in Shanghai was held in the Russian Ex-officers' Club 270 Avenue Joffre. This meeting which was postponed from June 17, owing to the absence of representatives of the Russian Emigrants' Committee and in order that Mr. Grosse, Chairman of the latter Committee, might attend. On the resumption of yesterday's proceedings, Mr. Grosse was still absent but a letter was received from him in which he stated his refusal to recognise General Horvath and declined to be mixed up in any political activites. On the letter from Mr. Grosse being read it was decided by a big majority that General Horvath be requested to appoint a representative in Shanghai to look after the interests of the White Russian community. It was also resolved to appoint a committee of several persons to assist General Horvath's representative to carry out his work. The following resolutions were proposed and passed at the meeting.

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Mr. Ivanoff.

Capt. Bilukovich.

Capt. Fomin.

Dr. Kohlachkin.

General Walter.

File No. S 9257

(C.I.D.) Office Notes

June 22. 1928

D. C. I.

On June 20, Mr Grosse, chairman of the Russian Emigrants Committee received an invitation from Capt Tomin, chairman of the newly organised Committee for the Unification of White Russians to attend a meeting of the latter Committee at the Russian Ex officis Club, 275 Avenue Joffre on June 24 and to send two representatives of Mr Grosse's Committee as delegates.

In consequence of this a meeting which was attended by 17 members of the Russian Emigrants Committee, and presided over by Mr Grosse was held from 6 pm to 7:15 pm on June 21, in the offices of the said Committee at 38 Avenue Edward VII. After considerable argument on the part of the members present it was decided not to send delegates to the meeting at 275 Avenue Joffre on June 24. Nor will Mr Grosse attend.

A. Roberts
D.I.

The above information was received too late for inclusion in the morning intelligence

Rwl

URGENT.

F.P.B.

I.O. 9257

Col. G.H. Chunchan,

17, Ford Lane.

June 16, 1928.

Sir,

In reply to the request contained in your letter of today's date, your engagement of the Town Hall for a Meeting on Sundsy, June 17, has been cancelled.

Assistant Secretary.

Noted 16/6

Intelligence Report 18-6-28

About 20,000 sick and wounded convalescent soldiers in Nanking are a ~~[illegible]~~ continual source of anxiety to both the inhabitants of the city and the military authorities. On June 16, 400 of these troops tried to force their way into a cinema theatre and subsequently assaulted employees of the theatre and the police. General Ho Ying Ching was notified, but failed to discipline the soldiers who claim credit for the capture of certain cities in the North. They are now threatening to burn down the theatre.

Of the 850 Nationalist soldiers, who recently arrived in Shanghai from Tsingtao and are billeted at the Old Camp, near St. Catherine's Bridge, 30 natives of Shanghai and vicinity were paid off with $1 each at 11 a.m. June 17. In addition 30 of these troops were taken to the Red Cross Hospital, Tien Tung An, Chapei by ambulence at4 p.m. June 17.

Owing to unsatisfactory sanitary and cooking arrangements in the Old Camp, half of the troops ex Tsingtao who arrived in Shanghai on June 15 were removed to the Hwe Ning Guild at 5 p.m. June 17. A guard of the 32nd Army has been placed on both camps.

Ten of the soldiers deserted at Pootung before they were transported to Wantao. The remainder are protesting against being disbanded and insist on being sent to Nanking in order to obtain their pay which is ten months' in arrears. Information from an authentic source indicated that the Nanking authorities will finally dispose of the troops as follows: Natives of Hupeh and Hunan to be sent to Hankow, natives of Anhwei and Northern Kiangsu to Nanking and those who hail from Chekiang to Hangchow to be disbanded. The scheme is however being kept secret for fear of the troops rioting.

A meeting attended by 56 representatives of various organizations in Shanghai, except those represented by Mr. Grosse, was held from 4.20 p.m. to 6.20 p.m. in the Russian Ex-Officers Club, 275 Avenue Joffre, on June 17. Capt Fomin, Russian Ex-Naval officer was elected chairman and the audience was addressed by Mr. Chunihin who stated, inter alia, that owing to a misunderstanding between the Committee for the Protection of Russian Rights and Interests, represented by Mr. Ivanov and the Emigrants Committee represented by Mr. Grosse if had been decided to hold this preliminary meeting in an effort to unify the two organizations. However, as the Emigrants Committee were not represented, the meeting would be postponed until June 24, and further efforts made to induce the absentees to attend.

Extract from Intelligence Report dated 16/6/20

I. O. 9280

In accordance with instructions received by Mr. Ivanov and Mr. Chunihin from General Horvath the proposed meeting of white Russian organization to be held at the Town Hall on June 17 has been postponed to July 1st. Two delegates from each Russian organization will, however, attend a meeting at No. 275 Avenue Joffre at 4 p.m. June 17 to discuss the postponement of the meeting.

W.P.B.

CHANCELLORY
C.I.
No. I.O. 9251
Date 12.6.28

Colonel C.H. Chunchan,

17 Ford Lane.

June 9, 1928.

Sir,

In accordance with your request, your engagement of the Town Hall for a meeting, is postponed from Sunday, June 10 to Sunday, June 17.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,

Assistant Secretary.

a/ Mr. Joll, to pass to you please as all officers have part

12 no. per a/c

D.I. Robertson,

Please note. D.C.I. has been informed

11 JUN 1928

Noted

R.D.I.
9/6.

File No. No. 9259
June 8, 1928.

(C.I.D.) Office Notes

D. I. Robertson,

Please arrange for attendance of detectives at this meeting

P.C.S. Orsiannokoff. Please attend

R. W. Foke,
for C.P.

Noted
V. Orl.

(C.I.D.) Office Notes

File No. 10 9257

June 7, 1919

Sir,

With reference to the attached article re Fresh attempts at unification, inquiries go to show that a joint meeting of several white Russian organizations will be held in the Town Hall from 3 to 7 pm on June 16, to discuss ways and means to bring about the unification of all Russians in Shanghai.

An Official application was made to ~~before~~ the Municipal Council for permission to hold the proposed meeting in the town hall on the said date and was granted on payment of $10.00 for the use of the premises.

Mr. N. A. Ivanoff, Chairman of the Committee for the Protection of Russian Rights and Interests in Shanghai, Mr Chumilin, Master Mariner, Colonel Kolesnikoff, General Afanasieff and others are responsible for the calling of the meeting. It is also reported that Captain Howard is taking

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C.I. DEPARTMENT
No. I.O. 9225/12.6.25
Date

The "Shanghai Zarya" of June 7th writes as follows:-

Russian.

Fresh attempts at unification.

D.I. Robertson, Have we any information in re. Ref.

Lately there has been a lot of discussion amongst the Russian community on the subject of unification of local groups which have been in disagreement all this time. It is reported that foreigners will participate and morally support the unification movement. Also that on Sunday, June 14, a general meeting of emigrants will be held at 3 p.m. at the Town Hall. The idea of the unification is that it will help to improve conditions of life of the emigrants and will raise the prestige of the community. The status of Russians will also improve thereby and it is said that the leading circles of community are in favour of the new scheme.

In the Committee for Defence of Russian Rights and Interests.

Mr. M.I. Affanassieff, who was Secretary of the Committee has resigned a few days ago owing to his having entered into partnership with Mr. Ivanoff in law business. Mr. A.A. Belukovitch has been elected Secretary. The memorandum of adherents of unification under the protection of Grand Duke Nicholas Nikolaevitch has been discussed by the Committee at one of its meetings.

Correspondence from abroad and U.S.S.R.

It is reported that in U.S.S.R. persons who correspond with people living abroad are again coming under suspicion so that prior to delivering a letter to a Soviet citizen received from abroad G.P.U. first makes detective enquiries. This means that care should be taken when writing to relatives in Russia from Shanghai.

The "Russia" of June 7th writes as follows:-

Political.

Death of Chang Tso Lin.

The report of the death of Marshal Chang Tso Lin is a big blow for the Russian emigrants in the North. We are anxious as to the fate of Russian troops in the employ of Marshals Chang Tso Lin and Chang Chun Chang. It is difficult to say what the attitude of the Southerners will be towards them. We have just recently buried Gen. Wrangel who left this earth so unexpectedly as poisoning is suspected and now some mysterious fatal hand has put to death at an opportune time Marshal Chang Tso Lin and Gen. Wu, who have openly declared themselves enemies of Bolshevism. There is no doubt that now the position of Russians in the Chinese Eastern Railway Zone will not be envious as the Reds will not fail to make the best of the new situation. Ofcourse there is still the agreement between Japan and Soviet Russia whereby Japan has promised not to allow any anti-Soviet movement in the Zone and to guard the status quo of Soviet territory and this partly explains why the existence of a Russian military group was not desired in addition to inexplicable failure of Japan to help Marshal Chang in his latest difficulties.

Press

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Press

2417.

The "Shanghai Zarya" of June 8th writes as follows:-

Political.

Feng-Yu-Hsiang alleged enemy of Bolsheviks;

Peking. 31. Feng Yu Hsiang in a letter to Gen. Arai of Japan has written the following:-

"I know that in foreign circles I am considered an agent of the Bolsheviks. I shall not deny it. I have been receiving large sums of money from Moscow and large quantities of ammunition to with which I started the present campaign. Moscow sent me instructors and helped me to build up the army; that is all true. But let it be known to you as I am declaring it officially that U.S.S.R. and her assistance were necessary to me in order to strengthen myself only. Also the help of Moscow was required by me so long as I felt the need and when I could not do things alone. Moscow was the means to an end. I could always get rid of Moscow and constantly had that in view. From now onwards I consider Russian Bolsheviks as my enemies and if they attempt to spread Bolshevism I shall adopt serious measures to oppose them."

The future will reveal how sincere Feng's statement is. It is, however, clear now that the present civil war has been started in China with the aid of Moscow funds and that the opinion often expressed by Chang Tsop Lin that his Government was fighting the most fierce enemy of the Bolsheviks was correct. Feng Yu Hsiang is in a full measure an agent of the Kommintern. Also there remains little doubt that people's money is taken away for purposes of propaganda and the maintenance of war in other countries. Thus the upkeep of war in China requires hundreds of thousands dollars. The Soviet Government freely provides these funds. It is time for the Soviet diplomats to realize what they are doing.

The "Russia" of June 8th writes as follows:-

Russian.

Notification.

On Sunday June 10 at 3 p.m. a general meeting of Russian emigrants will be held in the Town Hall to discuss matters of unffication, economical and judicial status, etc.

The Initiative Group.

Press

The "Shanghai Zarya" of June 9th writes as follows:-

Russian.

Cossack Union.

In view of the forthcoming general meeting of Russian emigrants at the Town Hall on June 10 the Committee of the Cossack Union in Shanghai invites all its members to a meeting to be held on June 10 at 9 a/m/ at the Cossack Union Offices, 876 Avenue Joffre. The discussion will refer to the meeting in Town Hall and the attitude of Cossack Union towards it. It is hoped that all members will attend as the matter is important.

Political.

Important happenings in China.

China is witnessing today the unification attempts at which have been made since the time of Revolution and never succeeded. The result of this will be that the Powers will experience more difficulties to negotiate with China now than when it was separated into North and South. The Powers at present are only observers of the happenings in China whilst Japan is the only really concerned one.

The "Echo" of June 8th writes as follows:-

Russian.

Who are the initiators of unification here?

Every attempt at unification should be heartily greeted and supported if its purpose is definite. At present a persistent rumour has been in circulation amongst the Russian community regarding a fresh attempt at unification which is to take place at the general meeting of emigrants at the Town Hall on June 10 at 3 p.m. The time and place seem to be definite enough. It is, however, not known who the initiators of this good cause are. The only thing known about it is that the initiators have invited foreigners to attend the meeting. The mystery surrounding preparations for this meeting and the secrecy with which the names of initiators are concealed do not permit us to express our opinion more definitely on the subject. Attempts of this nature have been numerous and strange to say they have only resulted in still further disagreement of the emigrants and the formation of more groups opposed to one another.

Gen. Horvath's representatives.

Gen. Horvath appointed as his representatives Mr. A.A. Orloff, elected President of the Russian National Association in Tientsin and Mr. V.V. Blonsky in Mukden. The latter has been recognized as senior of the Russian Community by the Chinese Commissioner for Foreign Affairs and Mr. Orloff is negotiating with the Chinese Authorities too having already succeeded in obtaining certain rights and privileges for Russians.

Press

2420.

The "Russia" of June 10th writes as follows:-

Russian.

Notification.

The meeting of emigrants to have been held on June 10 has been postponed to June 17 at 3 p.m. at the Town Hall.

The "Echo "of June 9th writes as follows:-

Russian.

Alleged initiators of the emigrants meeting.

It is alleged that Messrs Chunihin and Matrosoff are the initiators of the proposed meeting of emigrants.

Benevolence and split in the Russian Community.

The split amongst the public organizations in the Russian community is the greatest evil for the emigrants. The Russian well to do section of the community busy with its own interests pays no attention to the rest of the community. Moreover, strange as it is, benevolent work of Russian organizations is based entirely on assistance from foreigners, which state of affairs cannot continue for ever. The numerous Russian concerns, shops, offices, pharmacies etc., which mostly have Russian customers should be able to organize Russian benevolence to their fellow-citizens. On the other hand the large number of public organizations with high flown titles, rules and regulations of various description, cannot either be recognized as an organized body able to help their own community. This for the most part is a disorganized element although there are a few organizations which quietly but persistently come to the assistance of the destitute and turn nobody away from their doors. The several attempts at reconciliation and re-union of the Russian community members have never given any good results. The trouble is that the failure comes not from want of reconciliation, but because all the attempts had their beginning from the very source which previously caused the disagreements. For example the letter of Russian women is excellent but even here they refuse to submit their will and acknowledge for instance that in the church dispute question they were wrong and wish to repent. Instead of that they stated that this a question of everybody's conscience and the same excuse may be applied to all other quarrels. One has to adopt a different spirit in the whole matter and try and reach some real understanding so that each one may do some good in the general cause.

Soviet.

Who finances British communists?

The Central Communist Party declares that the British section being part of the International Organization pays in a certain sum to the centre and is in return supports by the latter.

Press

2422.

The "Echo" of June 11th writes as follows:- (Afternoon Translation).

Russian.

Trouble in the Editorial Offices of the "Russia".

Various rumours are in circulation amongst the Russian community about the disagreement which occurred between leaders of the newspaper "Russia". On Friday the newspaper was published without a leading article and on Saturday it was not distributed at all although published. The cause of the trouble originated on account of the proposed meeting in the Town Hall. Mr. [illegible] Kolessnikoff, an editor of the paper, wrote a leading article very much against the meeting at Town Hall. Mr. [illegible] Oganezoff, representative of the Editorial Collective and the "censor" of the publication, did not publish the above leading article. The next day he wrote his own article on the subject supporting the idea of the meeting. Having learnt of this Mr. Kolessnikoff went to the printing offices with a view to protesting, but six men on guard did not let Kolessnikoff in. He then appealed to the "Editorial Collective" and obtained permission from the latter to call a policeman to the scene of trouble. The offices were closed and the printing of the paper discontinued. A few printed numbers of the paper with the article in question were, however, taken away from the offices in time.

It is not known how the trouble will end, but there is a rumour to the effect that the "Editorial Collective" decided to take away from Mr. Oganezoff the direct management of the paper and to appoint another person for this post. Mr. Oganezoff is not willing to relinquish his post so easily and refuses to accept his dismissal in favour of someone else. The owners of the newspaper "Russia" are the Collective and the printing offices as per agreement made with Mr. Kolessnikoff.

Soviet.

A satire on Soviet citizens.

A satire in the form of a letter to an aunt in Soviet Russia by a Soviet citizen in Shanghai is written wherein the Soviet citizen describes his hardships of living here and particularly how he has to escape being deported or falling into any disgrace with the Municipal Police.

The "Russia" of June 12th writes as folows:-

Russian.

Refutation.

The article published in No.136 of the newspaper "Echo" entitled "Trouble in the Editorial Offices of the "Russia" is mere gossip and has no foundation. Mr. Kolessnikoff has not been to the Editorial Offices during the past 3 months as there was nothing for him to do there. The Police did not seal the offices and the newspaper was printed all the time. Mr. Oganezoff is not a "censor" of the newspaper "Russia". No articles were published with reference to the meeting, except the usual official advertisement of the Initiative Group.

Press

The "Shanghai Zarya" of June 12th writes as follows:-

Russian.

Cossacks' Union on Unification.

On June 1. a meeting of members of the Cossacks' Union in Shanghai was held under the chairmanship of Mr. I... Shendrikoff at the offices of the Committee for Defence of Russian Rights. The matter discussed at the meeting referred to the proposed general meeting of Russian emigrants with a view to unification. Members of the Cossacks' Union whilst recognizing in principle the absolute necessity of unification of Russian emigrants in Shanghai nevertheless does not consider it possible to attain through the medium of a general meeting and for these reasons: As well as the meeting may be organized it is not likely to be complete; some may come and others not and those belonging to the latter category will have a right to dispute the decisions of the first meeting and demand the convention of a second one. The public opinion will thus be centred again on the general disagreement, when some will recognize individual meetings as lawful and others unlawful, thereby giving the Bolsheviks a chance to rejoice. Even a well organized meeting can always be disputed and persons displeased with decisions reached will cause trouble inspired thereto by the Bolsheviks.

The main question is whether with the assistance of the proposed meeting at the Town Hall it will be possible to do away with all existing disagreements and elect a new committee to replace all the present ones functioning under the protection of the Committee for Defence of Russians Rights and the Emigrants' Committee. The majority of Russian community will not be present at the general meeting if but for one reason and that is the insufficiency of Town Hall to hold them all. It is difficult in Shanghai to learn the will of the emigrants even by means of balloting. In view of the existing conditions in order to attain real unification of Russian emigrants it is necessary to have preliminary negotiations and agreement reached between all organizations not recognizing the Soviet Government in Shanghai and then a committee should be formed from amongst representatives of these organizations and individuals commanding great esteem in the community which would arrange either a system of balloting or the holding of district meetings in Shanghai In both cases the procedure should be based on the customary principles viz: limit of age for the voters, political security etc.etc. But to convene a meeting without any preliminary preparation and expect an end to disagreements is extremely naive.

The meeting convened as proposed by the initiative group, consisting of several little or not known persons, may be attended by Soviet agents in any number who, under the guise of emigrants, might provoke the attendance and thereby lower again the prestige of Russian community. Such methods as provocation and incitement are detrimental to the unfication of true nature of the Russian emigrants in Shanghai. Foreigners who desire to help the unification cannot rely on a casual meeting and see in it the expression of the will of the entire emigration.

The Cossacks' Union is of the opinion that at the present time of responsibility and historical significance in the life of the Far East it is especially necessary to take great care against irresponsible actions of individuals, whose intentions may be good, but who fail to understand the possible consequences of their rash activities.

This is the opinion of the Cossacks' Union on the matter of unification.

Press

The "Echo" of June 12th writes as follows:-

Russian.

More re Unification.

The proposed general meeting of emigrants at the Town Hall on June 17, according to information to hand, is not meeting with approval from the public organizations.

All organizations which are under the Committee for Defence of Russian Rights and Interests, it is said, have decided not to take part in the above meeting. The same point of view will probably be adopted by organizations subject to the Emigrants' Committee.

Press

The "Shanghai Zarya" of June 16th writes as follows:-

Russian.

Statement of the Committee for Defence of Russian Rights and Interests.

Whilst welcoming the idea of the Initiative Group to convene a General Meeting of the Russian community in Shanghai with a view to unification, organizations subject to the Committee for Defence of Russian Rights and Interests in Shanghai, the Committee of Monarchist Organizations in the Far East and the Russian Patriotic Unification Abroad cannot take part in the General Emigrants' Meeting until instructions have been received from Lieut. Gen. B.L. Horvath, who has been asked by telegraph to give his opinion on the matter by both the above named organizations and the Initiative Group as the meeting was at first convened without Gen. Horvath's authorization.

N. N. Ivanoff,
Chairman of the Committee for Defence of Russian Rights and Interests in Shanghai.

. J. Domrachcheff,
Representative for the Far East and Chairman of the Central Council of Russian Patriotic Unification Abroad and of the Committee of Monarchist Organizations in the Far East.

Telegram from Gen. Horvath.

In reply to the enquiry sent by the Chairman of the Committee for Defence of Russian Rights and Interests in Shanghai, Mr. N.N. Ivanoff, concerning the convening of a general meeting of Shanghai emigrants at the Town Hall in the matter of unification, Gen. B.L. Horvath, head of the Russian emigrants in the Far East, sent a telegram addressed to Messrs Ivanoff and Shuninin (the latter one of the organizers and promoters of unification) reading as follows:- "Request the postponement of the general meeting. Waiting information. Horvath."

The "Russia" of June 15th writes as follows:-

General.

Change of address.

From June 15 the Editorial and Printing Offices of the newspaper "Russia" will be at U 309 Wei-Hai-Wei Road.

The "Echo" of June 14th writes as follows:-

Russian.

Proposed meeting.

Next Sunday a meeting of Russian merchants will be held in the French Concession to discuss matters in connection with the institution of a Russian Chamber of Commerce and a small Russian Bank.

Press

The "Shanghai Zeryal" of June 16th writes as follows:-

Russian.

Unification re [illegible] meeting.

The initiative group to convene on June 27 a general meeting of the Russian [illegible] unity of Shanghai [illegible] notifies all Russian emigrants in Shanghai that in view of instructions received from Lieut. Gen. [illegible] Horvath, the convening of the general meeting in question is being postponed to the month of July. At the same time the initiative group merely invites all Russian public organizations, which recognize Lieut. Gen. [illegible] Horvath as their head of Russian emigrants' unification, to delegate two representatives each to attend a meeting to be held on June 17 at 4 p.m. at the Officers' Club, [illegible] Avenue [illegible], to discuss matters connected with the general meeting proposed.

The "Russia" of June 16th writes as follows:-

Russian.

The truth about newspaper "Russia".

Disagreements which have existed for months in to the transfer of the newspaper "Russia" to other hands have reached their limit: there will be a court case to decide the question under dispute.

The "Echo" of June 16th writes as follows:-

Russian.

The Editorial Offices of the "Russia" closed.

The disagreement between leaders of the newspaper "Russia", which almost subsided, has come up again. Mr. Ignatieff decided not to let anyone else take charge of the paper and transferred the offices to a new address. Yesterday the Editorial Collective in whose name Mr. Ignatieff made an agreement with the ex-editor of the paper, Mr. Kolesnikoff passed a resolution to annul the rights granted to Mr. Ignatieff, as well as the agreement made between him and Mr. Kolesnikoff and return the management of the paper to the latter. Mr. Ignatieff, however, refused to comply with the decision and closed the editorial offices altogether. Mr. Kolesnikoff is reported to be bent on gaining his rights to the publication of the newspaper through the medium of the Court and to file a case against Mr. Ignatieff for seizing the property of the Editorial and Printing offices of the newspaper "Russia".

Mr. V.F. Grosse ignorant as to who and for what reasons is convening the general meeting.

The proposed meeting at the Town Hall in connection with unification of Russian emigrants in Shanghai has been postponed because the initiators had not sufficient time to acquaint the public organisations and residents with their plans. Failing to find the initiators so as to ascertain from them the details of the plan, Mr. Grosse, Chairman of the Russian Emigrants' Committee was approached on the subject but stated that the Emigrants' Committee was not at all aware as to the purpose, etc. of the proposed meeting and therefore could not give any opinion in the matter. They also did not know who the initiators were.

Press

Translation from the "Shanghai Marya" continued (Afternoon).

Political.

America and happenings in China.

There is no doubt that the part of America in present Chinese happenings is quite great. The American press often commented that the United States with respect to China should maintain either an independent policy or at least a leading one rather than follow in the footsteps of British and Japanese diplomacy. This polsicy of America dictated by the centre in the opinion of adherents of activity causes an irreparable detriment to the American prestige and in the eyes of the educated Chinese society America has not got her own face. America, with all her passiveness, cannot allow Japan to make use of the present happenings so as to obtain special rights and privileges in Shantung. Of course the co-operation of the Powers in the Far East means peace, whilst dissension will sooner or later lead to a war. American influence in China is very extensive, but Americans themselves admit that they have failed to make the best of their influence because of the existing tendency to co-operate with the other interested Powers. Thus America has gained nothing, but rather to the contrary as Great Britain and Japan are foremost now, the one for having successfully emerged out of a serious crisis and the other for being very active and decisive. There is reason to believe that in a short time we may witness a change in the policy of America in China.

The "Echo" of June 15th continued:-

Russian

More on Russian [illegible]

In connection with the excellent article published by the "North China Daily News" a few days ago enumerating the merits of the Russian community in Shanghai with regard to their local achievements, etc. it may be said that the failure of fresh attempts at unification lies not so much in the constant disputes prevailing amongst members of the community and its organizations, but the fact that political motives are again laid as the foundation for unification. In one of our recent articles on the growth and prosperity of the Russian community we emphasised that a great deal of the success should be attributed to the attention and assistance given to Russians by the authorities of French Concession and of the International Settlement. It should be understood that if we fail to attain peace and good order of a local nature amongst ourselves there is little hope that we shall ever restore Russia to her former glory.

24/6 Ber

2439.

The "Russkie" of June 24th writes as follows:-

Russian.

Notification.

On June 24th at the Officers' [illegible] a continuation of the meeting will take place held by the public organisations on the question of unification of Russian [illegible] in Berlin. The gathering will assemble at [illegible] p.m.

The initiative [illegible].

The "Rul" of June 23rd writes as follows:-

Russian.

Foreign Friends wish to unite emigrants.

To-morrow the meeting to be held by the Russian representatives of public organisations in connection with the proposed meeting at the Town Hall will take place at the Russian Officers' Club to continue the discussion of matters appertaining to unification.

As already reported yesterday the emigrants' Committee decided against sending its delegates to the meeting as well as participating in any other way in the discussion of the question.

It is interesting to note certain explanations given by Mr. Chunihin to the emigrants' Committee on the subject. When asked as to what was the motive that inspired Mr. Chunihin to take up the question of Russian emigrants unification, which has failed to be attained by Gen. Horvath and representatives of Russian public organisations, Mr. Chunihin stated that the matter was taken up by foreign friends married to Russians. These foreigners under the pressure of their wives and Russian women-friends are seriously concerned about the question!!!

Speaking of practical plans whereby unification in his opinion could be attained, Mr. Chunihin said that a third Committee would be formed in addition to the two already in existence!

25/6

Press

The "Shanghai Zarya" of June 19th writes as follows:-

Russian.

Preliminary meeting of representatives of public organizations re unification.

The attempt of the initiative group to unify Russian emigrants has had its first success last Sunday in the form of a preliminary meeting attended by delegates of various public organizations. There were 49 representatives on behalf of 21 organizations. Mr. N. J. Fomin presided over the meeting and Mr. Chuninhin was the first speaker. He informed the audience that a day prior to this meeting viz Saturday he visited Mr. V. Grosse, Chairman of the Russian Emigrants' Committee, and conferred on the subject of the unification when Mr. Grosse assured him that the idea of unification was welcome to him and he would support it. With regard to the sending of delegates representing the Emigrants' Committee and other organizations Mr. Grosse said that he could not do that until a meeting of the Committee is convened to discuss the question of the meeting.

In reviewing the work of the initiative group, Mr. Chuninhin stated that although there are two distinct organizations representing the Russian emigrants in Shanghai there is no real unity and co-operation. Whilst preparing the general meeting, he said, all public organizations were approached and as a result of different opinions obtained and the impression prevailing that the convention of a meeting as proposed is too premature, the initiative group postponed it. It then became known that the Committee for Defence of Russian Rights and Interests cannot take part in the meeting without the sanction of Gen. Horvath first had and obtained. A telegram received from Gen. Horvath led to the decision of postponing the meeting to a still later date so as to give time and chance to different organizations to come to some understanding and thus prevent further disagreements. Careful preparations will frustrate any attempts on the part of certain elements to cause trouble amongst the community. In replying to questions asked by the audience Mr. Chuninhin gave details on interviews had with Mr. Grosse and added that a reply re delegates was expected this week from the Emigrants' Committee.

Mr. N.J. Fomin after calling upon the attendance to discuss matters brought forward by Mr. Chuninhin requests Gen. Affanassieff to speak.

Gen. Affanassieff says:- "The task of to-day's meeting is to express our opinions on ways and means to unite Russians in Shanghai under one powerful organization authorised to act on our behalf. It would be impossible to deal with this question at a general meeting whilst a totally different result can be obtained through the appointment of a special commission which would work out the programme and then present it to the public for approval or otherwise. Previous experience in such matters shows that should we all meet to-day to discuss the proposed plan differences of opinion, disagreements etc., would crop up and being of minor importance would spoil the entire scheme. Therefore the appointment of a commission is imperative and its findings should be presented at the general meeting at the Town Hall. That meeting should ~~programme~~ be carried out in a smooth way as we would then be parading before foreigners and it is not desirable that they should be faced without internal disputes and misunderstandings.

The next speaker is Mr. N.A. Ivanow who brings forth the question of the lawfulness of the meeting held. He asks: "Can we consider our meeting as lawful to decide the question

Press

of holding a general meeting at the Town Hall. From Mr. Shunihin's speech it appears that the Emigrants' Committee was not able for well-founded reasons to send delegates to this meeting, and as a consequence the decisions reached here will be rather one-sided and can be justly protested against. In order to call a meeting authoritative the presence of the representatives of the Emigrants' Committee is necessary, we would therefore do well to hold another meeting in a week's time when delegates of the Emigrants' Committee will be able to be present." The meeting agreed with the above unanimously and it was decided to hold the next on the following Sunday.

Mr. Shunihin, once more informed the attendance that next meeting will be fully represented and delegates from both the Emigrants' Committee and the Committee for Defence of Russian Rights would be there. Then the following resolution was passed:-

"The meeting to find ways and means to unite local Russian community is considered as adjourned to June 24 to be held at 4 p.m. at the Russian Officers' Club.

"The Emigrants' Committee will be informed in writing by the Council of this meeting and the president of the Initiative Group as to the minutes of the meeting, enumerating the delegates present and organizations represented".

Press

The "Shanghai Zarya" of June 28th writes as follows:-

Russian.

Ways and means towards unification.

The emigrants of Shanghai have been unexpectedly faced with the problem of unification at a short notice. Though we are very much for unification it seems to us that if an "urgent" unification did not take place during the disturbances of March 1927 it is not likely to materialize at one meeting held at the Town Hall now. It would be far better to get Gen. Horvath, whose authority we are all inclined to recognize, to send his representative here with the necessary authorizations to Chinese authorities so that he could take upon himself the registration and protection of emigrants. However happenings in Peking have altered the position of Gen. Horvath. He negotiated with the Northern Government and it is not yet known what his relations with the new authorities will be. Therefore the solution of the Russian problem in China will take a longer time than expected. In the meantime if the Russian emigrants in Shanghai really want to unite they should do this by means of the voicing of opinion by the majority of Russians here. This can be carried out only by voting and would be the best means in the eyes of the foreigners as it would show who is really for or against the unification. If there are six or seven thousand voices in favour of certain people to be at the head of the Russian community in Shanghai, this would be considered as an organized public opinion and our representatives will have been chosen by the majority of the Russian residents in Shanghai. Hurried attempts by persons with the best of their good-will, however, cannot help the cause and under the circumstances it seems best to maintain the position of "medium peace" rather then face a new and definite split.

The "Echo" of June 29th writes as follows:-

Soviet.

Moscow's help to Feng.

A Conference was held at Irkutsk (Siberia) under the chairmanship of Petin, Commander in Chief of the Siberian Military Area, and attended by the Commanders of the 18th and 19th Corps. The discussion concerned events in China. It was decided to give assistance to Feng Yu Hsiang for whom 4 transports of ammunition of various description have already been despatched to Ulan-Bator from Verkhne-Udinsk via Troitsko-Savsk. In addition to above 6 more transports are being in preparation for despatch to Bao-Tou, interior Mongolia.

Fate of Russian emigrants.

Ramoff, a Soviet writer in Moscow, published a pamphlet on the question of Russian emigrants wherein he expressed the opinion that the growing generation of Russians educated in foreign schools will gradually lose their antagonism to Soviet Russia as they will have become more foreignized and will not entertain the same feelings of hostility that their fathers and forefathers have. There are two generations amongst emigration speaking in two different languages. Thus towards the forties in Europe emigration will no longer represent a threat to Soviet Russia. The same does not apply altogether to emigrants in the Far East as they are more closely connected with Russia, are more prosperous and united.

Press

The "Shanghai Zarya" of June 23rd writes as follows:-

Political.

Chang-Tso-Lin.

The death of Chang Tso Lin is a great loss to all Russians of the Three Eastern Provinces and one to be regretted by the whole civilized world for he did all in his power to save China from the wave of Red revolution and Russians under his rule were able to live and work peacefully. Chang Tso Lin's name will go down in the history of China as that of a hero who fell a victim to communism. In this respect Chang Tso Lin has shared the fate of Admiral Koltchak, in whose personality Marshal Chang was always interested. Both the death of Admiral Koltchak and the fact that the overseas aid to Chang Tso Lin will remain on the conscience of the White International which does not seem to see yet what the world is threatened with when the hour of general red public strikes.

The "Echo" of June 23rd writes as follows:-

Russian.

Emigrants' Committee against sending of delegates.

The Emigrants' Committee at a meeting held yesterday and attended by representatives of different organizations adhering to it, decided not to send its delegates to the preliminary meeting of delegates of public organizations to be convened at the Officers' Club on Sunday. The refusal was based on the fact that once before there was an attempt to attain unification on similar lines and it ended in big trouble. The present Emigrants' Committee formed at that "meeting of unification" caused the split and some of the organizations which participated in its formation refused to submit to it later on. Therefore there is no guarantee that the same thing will happen again. Mr. Chunihin, who was invited to attend the meeting of the Emigrants' Committee, when explaining the matter was unable to tell by what means he expects to carry out his plans of unification.

A novel occupation.

A certain Russian named Zavaroff, who speaks fluent Japanese, claiming that he is a detective of the International Settlement Police and an interpreter to the Japanese naval authorities has been buying things in Japanese shops on credit. It has now been ascertained that Zavaroff does not hold any of the above mentioned positions and therefore merchants are warned against giving him goods on credit.

Soviet.

According to the declaration made by the Executive Committee of the Bolsheviks the economic state of Russia has been ruined as a result of the crimes and lack of morals of the Communists. Nothing has been achieved during the ten years of revolution to improve the state of the country, but to-day it represents a scene of destruction.

24/6 Rudy

2439.

The "Russia" of June 24th writes as follows:-

Russian.

Notification.

On June 24th at the Officers' Club a continuation of the meeting will take place held by the public organizations on the question of unification of Russian community in Shanghai. The gathering will assemble at 4 p.m.

The Initiative Group.

The "Echo" of June 23rd writes as follows:-

Russian.

Foreign Friends wish to unite emigrants.

To-morrow the meeting to be held by the Russian representatives of public organizations in connection with the proposed meeting at the Town Hall will take place at the Russian Officers' Club to continue the discussion of matters appertaining to unification.

As already reported yesterday the Emigrants' Committee decided against sending its delegates to the meeting as well as participating in any other way in the discussion of the question.

It is interesting to note certain explanations given by Mr. Chunihin to the Emigrants' Committee on the subject. When asked as to what was the motive which inspired Mr. Chunihin to take up the question of Russian emigrants unification, which has failed to be attained by Gen. Horvath and representatives of Russian Public Organizations, Mr. Chunihin stated that the matter was taken up by foreign friends married to Russians. These foreigners under the pressure of their wives and Russian women-friends are seriously concerned about the question(!!!)

Speaking of practical plans whereby unification in his opinion could be attained, Mr. Chunihin said that a third committee could be formed in addition to the two already in existence!

25 6/28

The " Shanghai Zarya" of June 24th writes as follows:-

Russian.

Meeting of Representatives of Organizations.

At 4 p.m. to-day the adjourned meeting of representatives of Russian organizations together with members of the initiative group will be held at the Russian Officers' Club with a view to finding ways and means to unify the local Russian emigrants.

Last week's meeting was adjourned because the Russian Emigrants' Committee had not sent its delegates. A resolution was passed then by the meeting to request the Emigrants' Committee to send delegates to to-day's meeting so as so discuss the problem of unification jointly and in a friendly spirit. However there does not seem to be any chance for such. Mr. V.F. Grusse in a letter addressed in the name of the Emigrants' Committee to Mr. A.J. Somin, presiding over the meeting stated that he intends to refrain from sending his delegates to to-day's meeting for the reasons that the initiative group has no definite views as to how the unification can be carried out. Moreover Mr. Grusse's letter contains several interesting suggestions as to how the Emigrants' Committee thinks the desired unification of Russian community could be attained. The letter will be read out at the meeting to-day. In the circles of the Committee for Defence of Russian Rights and Interests there still prevails a strong desire to attain the purpose of unification in spite of all difficulties in the way.

Enc. 98.

23/6 Key

2438.

The "Shanghai Zarya" of June 23rd writes as follows:-

Political.

Chang-Tso-Lin.

The death of Chang Tso Lin is a great loss to all Russians of the Three Eastern Provinces and one to be regretted by the whole civilized world for he did all in his power to save China from the wave of Red revolution and Russians under his rule were able to live and work peacefully. Chang Tso Lin's name will go down in the history of China as that of a hero who fell a victim to communism. In this respect Chang Tso Lin has shared the fate of Admiral Koltchak, in whose personality Marshal Chang was always interested. Both the death of Admiral Koltchak and the fact that the Powers did not support Chang Tso Lin will remain on the conscience of the White International which does not seem to see yet what the world is threatened with when the hour of general revolution strikes.

The "Echo" of June 22nd writes as follows:-

Russian.

Emigrants' Committee against sending of delegates.

The Emigrants' Committee at a meeting held yesterday and attended by representatives of different organizations adhering to it, decided not to send its delegates to the preliminary meeting of delegates of public organizations to be convened at the Officers' Club on Sunday. The refusal was based on the fact that once before there was an attempt to attain unfication on similar lines and it ended in big trouble. The present Emigrants' Committee formed at that "meeting of unification" caused the split and some of the organizations which participated in its formation refused to submit to it later on. Therefore there is no guarantee that the same thing will happen again. Mr. Chunikin, who was invited to attend the meeting of the Emigrants' Committee, when explaining the matter was unable to tell by what means he expects to carry out his plans of unification.

A novel occupation.

A certain Russian named Zavaroff, who speaks fluent Japanese, claiming that he is a detective of the International Settlement Police and an interpreter in the Japanese naval authorities has been buying things in Japanese shops on credit. It has now been ascertained that Zavaroff does not hold any of the above mentioned positions and therefore merchants are warned against giving him goods on credit.

This news item was copied from the "Nichi Nichi" of June 22 of which, in its issue of June 27, retracts the statement. Key.

Soviets.

According to the declaration made by the Executive Committee of the Bolsheviks ~~[illegible]~~ the economic state of Russia has been ruined as a result of the crimes and lack of morals of the Communists. Nothing has been achieved during the ten years of revolution to improve the state of the country, but to-day it represents a scene of destruction.

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The "Russia" of June 26th writes as follows:-

Russian.

Second meeting of Public Organizations of Shanghai.

The meeting is opened at 4.40 p.m. by A. J. Fomin. 47 representatives of different organizations of Shanghai are present. The following letter from Mr. Domrachoff, Chairman of the Monarchistic Organizations for the Far East and Abroad, addressed to the Chairman of the meeting, is read:- "Owing to illness I am unable to be present at to-day's meeting. In my opinion the attitude of the Emigrants' Committee which has expressed itself anti- Grand Duke Nikolai Nikolaevitch and General Horvath as well as the idea of unification, should not prevent Russian emigrants from getting united just the same." Then the letter addressed to Mr. V.F. Grosse by the meeting held on June 17th is read:-

"Dear Victor Fedoroviteh, The meeting of representatives of public organizations of Shanghai, convened by an initiative group to hold a General Meeting of the Russian Community and which took place on June 17, has resolved to inform you of the following:- The meeting has agreed that in principle the unification of Russian community is very important and should be decided upon urgently. In view of the absence at the meeting of representatives from the Emigrants' Committee and other organizations subject to it, the meeting resolved to adjourn further discussion of the question to June 24, 4 p.m. in order that the Emigrants' Committee and other organizations may send their representatives to attend it duly authorised. The Meeting decided to request you to inform the Chairman not later than June 22 of the decision reached by the Emigrants' Committee in the matter. A. N. Fomin, Chairman of the Meeting of Representatives of Public Organizations in Shanghai; Secretary: A. Biulukovitch and Chairman of the Initiative Group: Chunikin."

Here follows the reading of a reply from Mr. V.F. Grosse together with the resolutions passed by the Emigrants' Committee:-

"Having discussed at a meeting held on June 21 the contents of the letter of the Chairman of the Meeting of Representatives of Public Organizations dated June 18, organizations functioning under the leadership of the Emigrants' Committee are of the opinion that every attempt at unification directed towards the cessation of disagreement amongst Russians and the attainment of better understanding between them, all of which would result in the improvement of economic and political status of Russians has always been looked upon with approval by the Emigrants' Committee. Organizations functioning under its leadership have also made several attempts of that nature whilst the formation of the Emigrants' Committee headed by Mr. Grosse, as the ex Russian Consul General, had for its purpose the very same idea of uniting Russian community under an authoritative centre to represent the interests of Russian emigrants residing in Shanghai and to assist Russians in all their requirements. At the same time the Emigrants' Committee after having discussed the circumstances of the whole question have unanimously decided the following:-

Press

The Russian Continued.

1) To express once again that the idea to cease all disagreement amongst the community and to attain co-operation, so as to improve the economic and judicial status of Russians is evidently meeting with approval of the wide circles of the Russian community.
2) At the same time finding that unification should be of economic and judicial nature, the Emigrants' Committee is of the opinion that whilst being anti-Bolshevist in idea the unification should not adhere to any political group or groups in order not to create any split and to facilitate the obtaining of assistance in an equal measure by all emigrants who may wish to have their interests protected.
3) In order that the unification be fully carried out it is necessary for it to be centred around some one person at the head of the community. This person should have sufficient experience in dealing with foreigners and Chinese in order to get good results in the interests of the emigrants.
4) A business committee should be formed to assist the head of the community.
5) The only person answering the requirements to be possessed by the head of the community in the decided opinion of the Emigrants' Committee is Mr. V.F. Grosse, ex Russian Consul General in Shanghai, who has already been the recipient of a blessing for the mission of heading the Russian community from His Eminence, the Bishop of Shanghai.
6) The business committee is the Emigrants' Committee, which since the time of its formation has conscientiously discharged its duties, whilst records of the daily applications, enquiries, correspondence, etc. carried on between the Chinese and foreign authorities and the Committee prove that it deals with persons of different groups irrespective of their connection with this or that political organization.
7) These two principles viz: unification on a business platform and the grouping of emigrants around one authoritative person maintaing good relations with Chinese and foreign authorities are being fully observed by the Emigrants' Committee and other organizations subject to it, which should prove of great value to the emigrants.
8) Under the circumstances the question of unification consists simply in other organizations joining the Emigrants' Committee.
9) The Emigrants' Committee is prepared to listen to plans and suggestions in connection with the representatives of other organizations wishing to make part of the Committee but always observing the two main principles namely:

a) The unification whilst maintaining an attitude of irreconciliation towards the Bolsheviks will not adhere to any political group.

b) Mr.V.F. Grosse being the ex Russian Consul General should by right be at the head of the unification.

With reference to the question of participation in the meeting to be held on June 24, after hearing the report of Mr. Chunihin on the matter in question, the Emigrants' Committee having become convinced that the Initiative Group has no definite plans whatever concerning unification, passed a resolution to refrain from sending its delegates to the meeting but to send its views on the subject to the meeting.
Signed by M. Yakovkin, Secretary."

The Chairman of the meeting announces the opening of discussions. Mr. Chunihin is the first speaker. He states that he did not receive Mr. Grosse's written invitation sent by post in time for the meeting on Thursday, but on the strength of the verbal agreement with Mr. Grosse attended the meeting of the Emigrants' Committee at 6 p.m. He adds the welcome accorded him was not very friendly as many of the people

Press

The "Russia" continued.

were quite opposed to the unification scheme. Mr. M.I. Mazakoff was the most peacefully inclined. The questions the meeting put to him, says Shunihin, made an impression as though they were being dictated by people who wish at all cost to defend their own "party" programme. After the report Mr. Shunihin was asked to give the names of persons who took part in the conference which he said was 41 in number.

Mr. Fomin, Chairman of the meeting, comments next on the resolutions passed and presented by the Emigrants' Committee:-

"We have before us a document of very great importance. It does not, however, advocate means and ways with the aid of which the unification of Russian community can be attained, but it presents us with paragraphs in a concrete form on which the administration of the Russian Community in Shanghai should be based. It bears the signature of the secretary only but is forwarded with Mr. Grosse's letter. The above referred to document is founded on three principles viz: The source of authority is in that Mr. Grosse as the ex Russian Consul General retains his present position by right of succession. We can object to this, gentlemen, in so far as the authority of consuls and ambassadors is based on the principle of government appointments, whereas the emigrants today represent a national body. If the authors of the resolutions of the emigrants' Committee are to be considered as right Mr. Maklakoff, who was formerly Ambassador of Russia to France, should now by right of succession be at the head of emigrants in France. Our emigration was headed in Siberia by Admiral Koltchak and he was succeeded first by Gen. Denikin and then Gen. Wrangel. We therefore see that that principle advocated has already been disregarded.

The authors furthermore see assistance rendered to the emigrants as the foundation of unification. This is a narrow point of view. We see the tasks of emigrants extend beyond assistance only; these should strive to obtain the improvement of economic and judicial status for it is not right to depend on foreign charity for ever. This is a serious matter and one which requires immediate attention.

The attitude towards Bolsheviks is the third point dealt with. We are recommended not to adhere to any political group in other words not to belong to anti-Bolshevist organizations. The emigrants thus are prompted to exercise complete indifferenne which is an impossibility for the majority to comply with. No organization ever asks petitioners as to what group they belong as it would be unfair to make the discrimination of such kind when it is a question of help."

Mr. Afanasieff is the next speaker. He recommends again the formation of a Commission to deal with the preparation of plans for unification.

Engineer Gleboff states then that it should not be forgotten that we have to deal with a group of some strength (meaning the emigrants' Committee) and that it is one in opposition.

Mr. I.N. Shendrikoff declares that the right of Consuls is not hereditary. This applies only to Monarchs. The authority of the Russian Consulate in Shanghai was passed over to the Bureau for Russian Affairs and then to the Committee for Defence of Russian Rights. The speaker does not approve of the idea of a Commission, in his opinion it is better to request Gen. Horvath to appoint his own representative for Shanghai and thereby put an end to all dispute of rights, etc. The decision of Gen. Horvath should be accepted unconditionally.

Press

Dr. Mohlachkin sees in the resolutions of the Emigrants' Committee a desire to depersonalize the whole of Russian emigration in Shanghai. He adds that Russians have lost a great deal, but not their honour and this they will not submit to anybody.

In view of the late hour the Chairman proposes an interval during which a resolution of reply to the Emigrants' Committee should be formulated. At 6.30 the interval takes place and at 7 p.m. the Chairman reads out the resolutions passed. The silence which followed the reading testified to the seriousness of the matter and the impression made on persons present. The resolutions were passed unanimously. Mr. Shunihin, Chairman of the Initiative Group declares that he resigns his rights in favour of the committee of the meeting and the appointed commission. This latter is empowered to invite representatives from all organizations to cooperate in the work and for information purposes. The meeting is announced as terminated at 8 p.m.

R e s o l u t i o n s
of the Meeting of Representatives of Public Organizations in Shanghai on June 21, 1933.

The resolutions passed and forwarded by the Emigrants' Committee after a meeting held on June 21 to the Chairman of the Meeting of representatives of public organizations held on June 17, when read resulted in the following resolutions being adopted:-

1) That the leadership of the Russian Community in Shanghai by Mr. V.F. Grosse be not recognized because his activities during the years of emigration have not earned the trust of the Russian Community and therefore his leadership would prove harmful to the Russian cause. Mr. Grosse's claims to right of succession in the matter of leadership are groundless as his rights of Consul General for Russia ceased with the fall of the Government which appointed him.

2) That passive resistance to Bolsheviks and Bolshevism as expressed in paragraph 2 of the resolutions of the Emigrants' Committee be not accepted as it is contrary to the ideas of the majority of the emigrants and is harmful to their national aims. The idea of anti-Bolshevism means active struggle.

3) That the inclusion of the Shanghai united emigrants into the Unification headed by Gen. D.L. Horvath in the Far East be confirmed.

4) That the refusal of the Emigrants' Committee to send its delegates to the meeting held under the pretext that the Initiative Group had not/definite plans for unification be declared as a poor excuse. Firstly because the invitation to attend the meeting was extended by the meeting held on June 17 and not the Initiative Group and secondly the refusal simply means non-desire of the Emigrants' Committee not to participate in the plans for uniting Russians in Shanghai with a view to submitting all emigrants to Mr. Grosse's sole power.

5) That the statement of the Emigrants' Committee that its formation meant unification be recognized as incorrect because it was then that the serious plit occurred in the Community dividing it into two separate camps very hostile to each other, the consequences of which trouble cannot be successfully dealt with during the past two years. The records referred to in the Resolutions, the meeting is convinced cannot be attributed to the authoritative weight of either the Committee or its Chairman, but result exclusively from the fact that the Chairman of the Emigrants'

The "Shanghai Zarya" of June 30th writes as follows:-

Political.

Bolshevist work.

There is nothing surprising for Russians in the reports that agents of the III International have been planning to undermine British supremacy by approaching its trade fleet. It would be more astonishing for Russians to know that the Bolsheviks have ceased to propagate their doctrines with a view to creating a social revolution in the world. Nations should not forget that in the event of another Great War, Bolshevism will assume great dimensions because it has a knack of uniting dissatisfied elements of which there are plenty in every country. All attempts at creating an anti Soviet International league have so far failed. Europe is pursuing her usual course and sooner or later will find herself in the abyss of civil war. Such facts as the mild sentence passed on the criminal Bela Khun prove once again that the "old world" is still blind and lacks courage. This, however, helps the III International to build its hopes on and the hour of world wide revolution is not as far off as some may think.

Japanese colonization of Manchuria and Mongolia.

Small groups of emigrants are being continually despatched from Japan to settle in Manchuria and Mongolia with a view to colonization and cultivation of natural resources in the above countries. There exists a society known as the "Society of development of Manchuria and Mongolia" which promotes this emigration.

The "Russia" of June 30th writes as follows:-

Russian.

The Society of Russian Youth.

The Society of Russian Youth will shortly have an official opening of their new club situated in Rue Ratard and Route des Soeurs corner.

The "Echo" of June 29th writes as follows:-

Russian.

Unification problem.

The decision of some Russian emigrant organizations to declare their distrust of Mr. V.F. Grosse, who is the Head of the Russian Emigrants' Committee in Shanghai, has created a great deal of excitement in wide circles. The Emigrants' Committee is receiving protests from various organizations against the decisions reached at the meeting held on the initiative of Mr. Chunihin. It has therefore been decided to convene a meeting of all representatives of organisations adhering to the Emigrants' Committee to discuss the above matter. The meeting will be attended by about 60 delegates from various organizations including the Labour Corps, the Engineer Corps, Electric Power Station and other Russian labour organizations. The meeting will be held to-morrow at 2 p.m. at the offices of the Emigrants' Committee

Press

Committee holds the position of Adviser for Russian Affairs to the International Municipal Council.

The meeting further decided:-

1) To publish the Resolutions of the Emigrants' Committee of June 21 and the Resolutions of the meeting as above in all local newspapers.

2) To inform Gen. Horvath of the proceedings in connection with unification in Shanghai with all details and to elect a Commission for the purpose and the carrying out of plans.

3) To entrust the Commission to convene meetings from time to time to be attended by representatives of public organizations including those already connected with the movement and other desiring to join. The representatives to cooperate in the work of the Commission and discussion of questions liable to arise in the course of the unification movement.

Editorial re Unification.

The second general meeting of Russian representatives was held on Sunday and attended by 47 delegates proves the necessity of unification. This time the idea originated from the mass of people, the initiative groups showed itself energetic and the call having been heard by practically all organizations the unification has begun. As might have been expected the appeal did not find a response in the Emigrants' Committee of which Mr. Grosse is the head. This is very characteristic for the ideas prevalent in Shanghai emigrants circles. The opponent of the Committee named above viz: the Committee for Defence of Rights eagerly welcomed the idea of unification and even went to the extent of being prepared to submit entirely to the decisions of Gen. Horvath. If readers read the resolutions passed by different parties they will have a clear idea of how things stand. Again whilst the Committee for Defence of Rights is prepared to dissolve if necessary in conjunction with instructions from higher authorities in the face of Gen. Horvath the Emigrants' Committee refuses to recognize any other authority and sees unification possible only under the leadership of Mr. Grosse. It simply says: "Join the Emigrants' Committee and sue it to its head". Then also whilst the Russian organizations here wish to maintain their political face in the interests of economic and judicial status of Russians, by means of supporting the idea of opposition to Bolshevism the Emigrants' Committee advocates passive resistance. Besides if there is a desire for joint work and unity the Emigrants' Committee should not refuse to co-operate with other organizations in the matter of such importance. The Initiaive group is to be congratulated for having aroused the spirit of Russians which for a time seemed to have completely died down. The future will show how the movement for unification will terminate in the meantime activity has begun.

A split in the groups of Emigrants' Committee.

It is reported that a split occurred after the meeting held on June 21 by representatives of groups of Emigrants' Committee. The resolutions are alleged not to have been signed by all concerned. Also that Chairman of the Russian Merchants' Union was not authorised to refuse to take part in the negotiations re unification; this applies in some ways to the Cossack groups too.

Form No. 2
G. 20000-1-23

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

CHASSIS: [illegible]
CLERK REGISTRY
No. 9257
CENTRAL I.B.
Date

Date March 18, 1923.

Subject (in full) Russian Patriotic Society for Salvation of Russia,

Made by D.S. Ovsiannikoff Forwarded by T.K. Guiers A.C. Kol

At 4 p.m. March 17 a meeting attended by about 62 representatives of various local Russian organizations, not recognizing the authority of Russian Emigrants' Committee headed by Mr. V.F. Grosse, was held in the premises of the Russian Merchants' Club, 8 Yates Road, instead of the premises of the Royal Asiatic Society as stated in the attached report dated March 13.. Captain N. U. Fomin was appointed Chairman and in a brief speech outlined the general status of the various Russian organizations at the time of the arrival of Russian refugees in Shanghai in 1922 and 1923. He further stated that the meeting of representatives was specially called to devise ways and means to bring about the unification of all Russians in Shanghai and in this connection outlined a plan which, he stated, would be most effective. He stated that the Russian emigrants should establish an association in Shanghai which might be known as the Russian National Society and which should consist of a Council, Executive Committee and Control Committee. Capt. Fomin's suggestion was put to the meeting and passed by the majority of those present and in consequence a select Committee of ten men were elected to complete the work of establishing the Russian National Society.

The following persons were elected to serve on the Select Committee:-

	Name	Remarks.
1	B. A. Souvorin	Editor of the "Shanghai Zarya".
2	N. U. Fomin	Employee of the Electricity Department, S.M.C.
3	A.A. Yaron	Architect.

Form No. 2
G. 20000-1-23

File No.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

Station,

REPORT

Date March 19

Subject (in full)

Made by Forwarded by

4	I. N. Shendrikoff	Lawyer
5	Pouhoff	Employee of French Tramway Co.
6	L. A. Gaffner	Ex White General
7	G.A. Chunihin	Ex White Colonel
8	Speransky	Ex White Colonel
9	Jiganoff	Unemployed
10	Beliukovich	Ex White Captain.

It was also decided that the Select Committee should appoint the date and place of a general meeting for the election of representatives of the various Russian organizations to the Council of the Russian National Society.

The Emigrants' Committee headed by Mr. V.F. Grosse were invited to send a representative to the said meeting but ignored the request.

V. Ostiannikoff
D. S.

H.R. 18/3/29

Sgt

Copy referred to on C.R. File C2289
1/10/29

A/D.C.I.

Copy for Capt Shelley
ICO
18/3.

Copy forwarded to Capt. Shelley
19/3

File re Soviet
Consulate in
Confidential
Dispatch!
5/5/28

Form No. 2
G. 20000-1-28

File No.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

Station,

REPORT

Date March 13th 19 29

Subject (in full)

Made by Forwarded by

- 2 -

It is reported that in the event of the building being returned to the society the following offices will be established therein :-

1. General Office for all unimportant local Russian organisations.
2. Two Schools, one for adults and one for children.
3. Office for the Union of Countrymen of Pri-Amur Province.
4. General Office for Bureau of Protection of Russian Rights and Interests in China.
5. Office of a Russian newspaper.

In connection with the above, a meeting of representatives of the various organisations that do not recognise the authority of the Emigrants Committee, of which Mr. Grosse is Chairman, will hold a meeting on March 17 in the premises of the Royal Asiatic Society, Museum Road, provided ~~[illegible]~~ the application for the use of the premises is granted.

For Sec: K.I.V. Rcd

V. Orsiannikoff
D. S.

AR. 14/3/29.

A/D.C.I.

A/D.C.I.

It is my opinion that it would be unwise to reply to the letter from the Russian Patriotic Society for the Salvation of Russia.

JHL 14/3/29

Lwff

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF POLICE MAR 15 1929 SHANGHAI

Sgt. I suggest no reply necessary, only sent for information.
15/3. Rcd

RUSSIAN PATRIOTIC SOCIETY
FOR
SALVATION OF RUSSIA.

CABLE: RUPATSAL
SHANGHAI.

17, FORD LANE
CORNER PINGLIANG ROAD.
SHANGHAI.

FAR-EASTERN SECTION.

SHANGHAI, 25th February 1929

No. 38.

Copy sent to:-
The Secretary,
Sh'ai Municipal
Council.

Captain E.I.M.Barrett,
Commissioner of Police,
S H A N G H A I.

Dear Sir:-

R E P O R T

On 20th December 1928, by group of Russian emigrant political and social promoters was held in my presence a first meeting of the certain workers concerning the ways they might unify the Russian emigrants altogether for the fighting with the common enemy as of our native land as of the whole world, i.e.:- with the Bolshevik Communists. In that meeting were present members of some local emigrant organizations and some of Shanghai's Facist. Above said meeting decided to make a new organization of the conspiring character and named "The Russian Patriotic Society for Saving of Russia ~~'s Release~~."

The principal action of that organization is an unmerciful struggling against the Soviet Government and organization, the units of rioters into the Russian country quite close the common Russian White coming.

This work we reckon in our duty to make it in according to the regulations of the International Settlement, and maintenance of the sovereign rights of China.

Simultaneously "The Russian Patriotic Society for Salvation Russia ~~'s Release~~" supposes the series of works about being of Russian emigrants there in Shanghai.

And for that reason our organization is supposing to call together the Common Meeting of Russian emigrants of the Shanghai city about emigrant unification as on the economical ground as judicially.

That supposal was from the initiative group consumed and our official petition from the name of the initiative group made was for that reason we did not want our organization i.e. "Russian Patriotic Society for Salvation of Russia" as a conspiring organization were revealed by our enemies - Bolsheviks.

RUSSIAN PATRIOTIC SOCIETY
FOR
SALVATION OF RUSSIA.

CABLE: RUPATSAL
SHANGHAI.

17, FORD LANE
CORNER PINGLIANG ROAD.
SHANGHAI.

FAR-EASTERN SECTION.

SHANGHAI, 25th February 1929

No. 38.

The above meeting was held on the 10th of June 1928 at 3.p.m. in the Town Hall for which we had permission.

Among the official guests were the following:- Mr. Gaffner General; Mr.Timme Colonel; Mr.Barry Prof; Mr.Domracheieff and a number of others.

Owing to the various organizations not having been informed that a meeting was to take place it was decided that it would be postponed until a later date viz:- 17th June 1928.

On the 14th of June I received a telegram from Mr. Horwath ~~Flowwatt~~ of Peking,(General) who asked me to postpone the Common Meeting. Mr.Ivanoff also received a telegram of a similar nature (President of Union of Russian Associations). This telegram was published in the columns of "Shanghai Zara" No.786 on the 15th June 1928.

On the same date at 6.p.m., an extraordinary meeting was held at which the following were present: Mr.Ivanoff, The President(Union of Russian Associations) Mr.Valter General, Mr.Affanasieff General, Mr.Fomin, Captain: Mr.Pohlachkin. dr., and myself.

At the above meeting it was decided to postpone the Common Meeting of Russian emigrants and to hold the meeting of Representatives of social organizations of Shanghai, numbering two delegates from each organization and the meeting was eventually fixed for the 17th of June 1928 at 4 p.m.

On the 17th of June 1928 the Meeting of Representatives of social organizations of Shanghai was held in the presence of 49 delegates.

At the same meeting besides the above mentioned and Messrs Oysiannikof and Bebenin, Sergeants, Mr.Delimarsky, brigadier and such a meetings were held.

RUSSIAN PATRIOTIC SOCIETY
FOR
SALVATION OF RUSSIA.

CABLE: RUPATSAL
SHANGHAI.

17, FORD LANE
CORNER PINGLIANG ROAD.
SHANGHAI.

FAR-EASTERN SECTION.

SHANGHAI, 25th February 1929

No 38.

At one of such a meeting a Committee was elected for the purpose of laying a scheme of works regarding the general unification of Russian emigrants there in Shanghai. As members of that Committee were elected Mr.Ivanoff President Union of Russian Assoc., Mr.Valter General, Mr.Affanassieff General, Mr.Fomin Captain, Mr.Shaditsky Colonel, Mr.Schelkin Councillor of state, Mr.Shendrikoff Lawyer, Mr.Mohlachin Dr., Mr.Bilukovich Captain, Mr.Selivanoff Prof:Mr.Kobliansky Captain, Mr. Ballog Lieut., Mr.Vedernikoff Lieut., and myself.

From that time the initiative group has been given over all his work to the Committee and Meeting of delegates.

At present "Russian Patriotic Society for Salvation of Russia" is negotiating with the China National Government about transmitting the building of the former Russian Consulate General in the hands of the Russian Organizations.

The base for these negotiations is a decision of the most organizations there in Shanghai from 30th October 1928 where they authorized "The Russian Patriotic Society for Salvation of Russia" to open the negotiations with the Chinese Officials about returning the former Russian Consulate General in the hands of the Russian local organizations.

About all abovesaid I have my duty to inform you Sir.

The Statute of our group I shall deliver to you Sir, after it will be ratified by the "Chief Management of the Russian Patriotic Group for Russia's Release" in Paris.

More detailed information about our local work may be obtained from the newspaper "Shanghai Zara" No.782/137, 789/141 and 795/147.

Yours faithfully,

George Chumeko.

Colonel,
President -"Russian Patriotic Soc., for Salvation of Russia."

Copy.

Resolution passed by the Meeting of the representatives of the public organizations of Shanghai.

June 24-th, 1928.

The extract from the resolution passed on June 21st by the Russian Emigrant Committee sent by the Chairman of this Committee to the Chairman of the Meeting was read and the Meeting unanimously passed the following resolution:

1/ The leadership of Mr.V.Th.Grosse is unacceptable as during all the years of emigration his activities have not gained confidence of the Russian community of Shanghai and, therefore, his leadership would be harmful to all Russian affairs. Mr.Grosse"s claim for the leadership under the pretext of succession of his authority is entirely baseless as his authority as the Russian Consul-General ended at the moment of the downfall of the Government which had accredited him.

2/ The Meeting is convinced that the possive inactive attitude towards the Bolsheviks and Bolshevism declared in the paragraph 2 of the resolution passed by the E.C.* does not suit the ideals of the greater part of the Russian emigration and contradicts being national aims because an isolated position of all white Russian unification and denial of an active struggle against bolshevism exclude their anti-bolshevik being struggle and action.

3/ The Meeting confirm that the unified white Russian emgration of Shanghai enter into the Far-Eastern Emigrant Unification under the leadership of General Horvath.

4/ The E.C."s refusal to send their repre sentatives to this Meeting under the pretext that the Initiative Group has no distinct plan of the unification is unlogical as firstl this Group has convened the Meeting just for the working out of such a plan and, secondly, the invitation has been sent to the E.C. not by the Initiative Group but by the Meeting which took place on june17th. Therefore, the Meeting is convinced that the E.C."s refusal has been dictated only by their unwilling ness to participate in the work for unification of the Russian emigration at Shanghai and their tendency to bring forcibly all the white Russian emigration under the leadership of Mr.V.Grosse.

5/ has the Assertion of the E.C."s resolution that the establishment of the E.C." has always had the object of unification of the Russian community is untrue asthe very fact and way of its creation have led to the great discord which has divided the Russian community into two irreconcilable factions and, notwithstanding many attempts, could not be ended dwing two years. As to the figures of the E.C."s activities to which its resolution points out the Meeting is convinced that these figures can be explained only by the fact that at the head of the E.C. stands a man that is simultaneously the Counsellor on Russian Affairs at the Sh.M.C., and not owing to his and the Committee "s popularity.

*/ E. C. = Emigrant Committee.

this resolution if you want can see, newspaper „Shanghai Zaria" N 795/147.

Georg Shurety.

On February 7 the staff of the Public Safety Bureau were paid their January wages.

The troops under General Hsiung Shih-hwei, local Defence Commissioner, were also paid for December and January. His officers, however, received only portion their wages as under:-

Salary over $200 .....70%
" " $100 .....80%
" " $50.....90%

With a view to cutting down expenses, the services, of ten counsellors, 16 adjutants and some ten detectives attached to the Defence Commissioner's Headquarters have been dispensed with.

On the occasion of China New Year, Kiangnan Arsenal will suspend work from February 9 to 13 inclusive but the Kiangnan Dock will shut down for one day only -- February 10.

As the result of several meetings by various local Russian organization held in October and November 1928 in the premises of the Russian Ex-Officers Club then situated at 275 Avenue Joffre, a new Russian organization entitled "The Russian Patriotic Society for the Restoration of Russia" has been formed. The president of this organization is Mr. Chunihin, who is assisted by General Ogloblin and Mr. Gleboff an engineer but so far no offices have been rented. It is reported that Mr. Chunihin in the name of the said Society made application to the Nationalist Government for the return of the local Ex-Soviet Consulate building to the organization which he represents and has received a reply from General Chiang Kai-shek's Secretary to the effect that if the various consuls in Shanghai would consent to the proposition the National Government would offer no objection. In consequence of this representations are being made to the various Consuls in Shanghai by Mr. Chunihin to secure their cooperation in the matter.

Picketing groups belonging to the Anti-Japanese Boycott Association continued the search for Japanese goods in the Chinese controlled terr on February 7.

Form No. 2
G. 20000-1-28

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

File No. 9257
C. I. D. REGISTRY
No. 1 C.I.D. Section
Date 21. 5. 29

Date May 21, 1929

Subject (in full) Proposed Meeting for the organisation of the Russian National Society.

Made by D.S. Ovsianikoff Forwarded by Thos Robertson C.I.D.1

Sir,

The Initiative Group of the Russian National Society propose to hold a meeting in the premises of the Bureau for the Protection of Russian Rights and Interests at 876 Avenue Joffre on May 28, to devise ways and means of calling a General Meeting of the said Society at which a representative Committee of Members will be elected.

V. Ovsianikoff
D. S.

A/D.C.I.

A.R. 21/5/29

JPS 21.5.29

Lcal. 21/5/29.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C.I.D REGISTRY
No. I.O. 9257
Date 11. 4. 29

April 11, 29.

Dear Sir,

With reference to your letter of March 23, I regret to inform you that I am unable to furnish the information you desire.

Yours faithfully,

(Sd) R.N.L. Martin.

Commissioner of Police.

G. Chunchen, Esq.,
Russian Patriotic Society
for Salvation of Russia,
17 Ford Lane,
corner Pingliang Road.

Form No. 2
G. 20000-1-28

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C.I.D REGISTRY
No. I.O. 9257
CENTRAL I.B. Station
Date .....

Date ~~April 9~~ 1929

Subject (in full) Attached letter addressed to the Commissioner of Police from the Russian Patriotic Society.

Made by D. S. Ovsiannikoff *Forwarded by* T.W. Gwiens A.C. Vol

With reference to the attached letter, inquiries go to show that Mr. G. Chunihin, President of the Russian Patriotic Society for the Salvation of Russia, desires the Police to provide him with any information in their possession regarding the political and moral activities of the persons mentioned in the attached list. These men are newly elected members of the Shanghai Fascisti Party and Mr. Firth, head of the organization, is anxious to ascertain if they are really fit to be members.

V. Ovsiannikoff
D. S.

I suggest the above request be refused.
H. Robertson
D.

D.C.I.

A/D.C.I.
I wish to endorse Det. Insp. Robertson's application. It would be irregular to furnish a private individual like Chunihin with information of a confidential nature in possession of the Police.

WG
10/4/29.

Reply
Yes. reply
for C.P. regret
cannot supply
the information
required
10/4

RUSSIAN PATRIOTIC SOCIETY
FOR
SALVATION OF RUSSIA.

CABLE: RUPATSAL
SHANGHAI.

17, FORD LANE
CORNER PINGLIANG ROAD.
SHANGHAI.

FAR-EASTERN SECTION.

SHANGHAI, March 23th 1929.

No. 58/C.

Captain E.I.M.Barrett,
Commissioner of Police,
Shanghai.

Dear Sir,

I beg to enclose a list of persons and would be much obliged to You if you would inform me when. Knowing any inculpation against one of them.

Yours faithfully,

Colonel George Chernoshen.

President

DCA

A.C.(Pol) Enquiries what does he want? 27/3. RCP

Foreign Section, For inquiry and report please.

27:3:29.

NR	Name	Address.
1	I.A.Dimoff	J 445 C.Seward Road.
2	F.S.Salmanoff.	774 Avenue Joffre.
3	G. Chernaykoff.	Rue Pere Robert pass.68.ap.18.
4	J.A.Jakovleff.	774 Av.Joffre.ap.7.
5	Simon Deputatoff.	Palace Hotel.
6	E.Dalinin	10 Joffre Terracce.
7	J.Danilin-Ossokin.	176 Av.du Roi Albert.
8	W.G.Golubkin	Av.Joffre Joffre pass.96.
9	A.Gavrishenko	176 Av.du Roi Albert.
10	N.Kamensky	176 AV.du Roi Albert.
11	N. Belloff	11 Route de Sours.
12	M.N. Podrezoff	31 Haskell Road.
13	H.N. Tichinin	15 Tseng Chow Road.
14	A.Fedoroff	774 Av.Joffre,ap.7.
15	T.Maskaleff	31 Haskell Road.
16	M.M.Vdovenko	774 Av.Joffre,ap.5.
17	E.Vorobieff	87 Av.Dubail.
18	M.Pastochoff	125 Av.Du Roi Albert.
19	J.N.Blajinek	Far Eastern Blch Lumber & Co.
20	D.I.Ogorodnikoff	43 Av.Du Roi Albert.
21	A.A.Popoff	14 Yuhang Road.
22	Ocheredin	669 North Szechuen Road.
23	V.K.Phaddeeff	470 Rue Ratard.
24	Simon F.Zaeff	133 Range Road.
25	Ev.A.Kondratoff	Pootung Manafacture factory Engl.& Co.
26	Mrs.M.J.Kandratoff	
27	A.N.Somoff	130 Av.Dubail,Hause 54.
28	I.S.Gilin	275 Rout G.de Le torn,fl.5.
29	A. Baevsky	275 Route T.Le Toor,fl.5.
30	S.Saboroff	774 Avenue Joffre,Room 5.
31	A.B.Potapoff	351 Avenue Fosh.
32	A.A.Popoff	83 JoffreTerras
33	A. Piatin	275 Route Le la Toorfl 5.
34	Golubeff	275 Route Le le Toor fl 5.
35	A.Osokin	275 Route Le la Toor fl 5
36	Anotol Rodigin	683 Avenue Joffre.

etc

Form No. 2
G. 20000-1-28

File No.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

C. I. Station

Date October 8, 1929

Subject (in full) The Shanghai United Club, 5 Weihaiwei Road.

Made by D.S. Satula. Forwarded by Inspector Dunne.

Sir;

Acting in accordance with instructions, the undersigned visited the Shanghai United Club, No. 5 Weihaiwei Road, at 11.15p.m. on the 5-10-29 when everything was being run in orderly manner. At the time of my visit there were about 25 to 30 members and guests, including a few ladies practically all of American and British nationality.

Dancing to a Jazz band was in progress in the lotto rooms on the ground floor, 5 couples taking part. The card room on the 2nd floor was deserted at the time and the remainder of the visitors and guests were then occupying the drawing room and Bar, but the majority of them had left the premises by midnight.

As compared with other Russian clubs, this place appears highly respectable. Nominally all members of the Russian Patriotic League are members of the club, but the chairman, Mr. Chunihin, finds them unsuitable as members and intends to get rid of them gradually. According to a board exhibited, there are 50 to 60 members but as it is anticipated that the membership will increase, the management intend taking over the adjoining premises which are expected to be vacated in the near future, but at present occupied by the Portuguese Consular Authorities who are removing elsewhere. Attached is a copy of the Rules and Bye-Laws of the club.

I am, Sir,

Yours obediently,

J. S. Satula
D.S.

A/D.C.I.

Form No. 2
G. 20000-1-28

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

File No. 9257.

Station

Date October 9, 1929

Subject (in full) The Shanghai United Club, 5 Seilakwei Road.

Made by D.S. Satula. Forwarded by Inspector Dunne.

Sir;

Acting in accordance with instructions, the undersigned visited the Shanghai United Club, No. 5 Seilakwei Road, at 11.15p.m. on the 5-10-29. Dancing was in progress and in an orderly manner. At the time of my visit there were about 45 to 50 members and guests, including a few ladies, practically all of American and British nationality.

Dancing to a Jazz band was in progress in the lotto rooms on the ground floor, 5 couples taking part. The card room on the 2nd floor was deserted at the time and the remainder of the visitors and guests were then occupying the drawing room and Bar, but the majority of them had left the premises by midnight.

As compared with other Russian clubs, this place appears highly respectable. Nominally all members of the Russian Patriotic League are members of the club, but the chairman, Mr. Chunikin, finds them undesirable to deal with and tries to get rid of them gradually. According to a local publication, there are 50 to 60 members but it is anticipated that the membership will increase, the management intend taking over the adjoining premises which are expected to be vacated in the near future, but at present occupied by the Portuguese Consular Authorities who are removing elsewhere. Attached is a copy of the Rules and Bye-Laws of the club.

I am, Sir,

Yours obediently,

J.S. Satula
D.S.

A/D.C.I.

6 B Henry
D.I.

G. Quarsle
Capt.
8/10/29

9/10
For information -
E/10

Form No. 2
G. 2000-8-29

File No.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

Station.

REPORT

Date 19

Subject (in full)

(2)

Made by Forwarded by

ship. The committee of the club intends to give a shelter and food to 50 or 60 destitute Russians in Shanghai. The committee of the club pays $250 per month for their premises and all furniture consisting of several tables, chairs, sofas and so on were purchased in Moore's Auction by Mr. Chunihin. The club servants and bar are provided by a Chinese compradore. The club committee does not receive any profit from the bar. The premises of the club is divided as following: (1) Ground floor consists of a Bar Room and a drawing room.

(2) first floor, two rooms for a lotto game.

(3) 2nd floor, 3 rooms for Chemin-De-Fer game.

The managing committee consists of the following persons.

Mr. Chunihin- Chairman

Mr. J.B. Manley- Secretary

Mr. Riaboff- Assistant Secretary

Mr. N.A. Ivanoff- member

Mr. Kondratoff- member

Mr. Kirkoff- member

and two other foreigners whose names are unknown to me.

Ballot committee consist of 2 foreigners and 4 Russians.

It is no doubt that the foreigner who contributed the necessary funds for establishment of the said club is intending to receive a profit out of Chemin-De-Fer and lotto gambling. The Russian Community in general has not a slightest knowledge regarding this club.

At 7 p.m. September 28, 1929 a reception was held in the club on occasion of its opening which was attended by 10 foreigners and 20 Russians male and female. Mr. Manley delivered a speech in which he said regarding the necessity of establishing

Form No. 2
G. 2000-8-29

File No.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

Station.

REPORT

Date 19

Subject (in full)

(3)

Made by Forwarded by

the United Club. Dr. W. Thomas Lockhart, Editor of the Chronicle, made a speech in which he pointed the blame in general.

This article is a copy of the newspaper, and is in quotation form.

V. Orfanidoff

A.C.P.
Information
S.Chen
a/D.C.I.

C. I. 1/10
OCT 1 1929

A.C. (South)
This should be dealt with the same as the other places if gambling is going on.
1/10/29.
S.Chen
a/D.C.I.

Mr. Smally file in C.I.D. legal as there is a reference thereto cross index in c/k (C.I.D. file 1.0.9257) noted.

9257.
9.10.29.

В Совѣт Старшин
Шанхайскаго Общественнаго
СОБРАНІЯ.

Заявленіе

Прошу о зачисленіи меня в состав членов Собранія.

Имя._____

Отчество._____

Фамилія._____

Адрес квартиры _____

Служебный Адрес._____

*Подпись.*_____

ПОДПИСИ_____

РЕКОМЕНДУЮЩИХ_____

« »_____192

Зачислен « »_____192

Протокол №_____§_____

Билет №_____

Секретарь.

Form No. 3
G. 7500-7-29

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

File No. 9237

Bubbling Well Station,

Date 28th Sept. 1929.

Subject (in full) File C.8289

Made by and Forwarded by Chief Inspector Maguire.

Sir,

From enquiries made it was ascertained that the premises No.5 Yates Road is rented by the Dollar Steamship Line as a Sailors Home for Chinese crews belonging to their various ships. No sign of the premises being turned over to Russians for a club.

Yours obediently,

C Maguire

Chief Inspector.

A. C. (South).

a/DC.1

Sir.

Have you further information re the above club. Seemingly it is not 5 Yates Road, from further enquiries I understand that 5 Wei-hai-wei Road is the address chosen for the proposed club.

J A Sinclair
a/AC (Pol)

a/ DC.
and file re Chin Society attached.
c. D. Reports
AC (Pol)
for Sec.
28/9.

Translation of an extract from the "Shanghai Zarya" of 22-9-29:-

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
HEADQUARTERS
CENTRAL REGISTRY
No. C 2289/
Date 23/9/29

Russian.

Social Club of Shanghai.

On Monday, September 28, a new high class Social Club of Shanghai will be opened at 5 Yates Road. The Club is being instituted by the "Russian Patriotic Group for the Salvation of Russia" and is intended to promote unification between Russians and Foreigners, the latter being admitted as members and also to serve on the Committee.

Needs special attention of
C/Inspector i/c Bubbling Well.

(Sd) R.C.A.

Yes.
(Sd) M.O.S.

Sep.23, 1929.

Passed to AC(Std)
RCA. 23/9/29